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For Judge of Court of Appeals,

R. K. WILLIAMS,

OF GRAVES COUNTY.

District composed of Allen, Butler, Breckinridge, Ballard, Calloway, Caldwell, Crittenden, Christian, Daviess, Edmondson, Fulton, Graves, Grayson, Hancock, Hickman, Henderson, Hopkins, Livingston, Lyon, Logan, Marshall, McCracken, Muhlenberg, McLean, Ohio, Simpson, Todd, Trigg, Union, Warren, and Webster.

☞ The favorite scheme of the Abolitionists is the erasure of State lines, and, in the mildest form, the reduction of States to mere corporations, deprived of all actual control or power. This it is proposed now to apply to the seceded States; but it is hoped, and expected, of course, that the power will be extended, and finally carried out, to the fullest extent.

It is useless to point out to these men that such measures would be wholly destructive of all human freedom, and result in an enormous centralized despotism. They are ready and willing to see such a scheme fostered and carried into effect, in the fond hope that they will be able to seize the reins of power. This lies at the very basis of their arguments, and this is the incentive and controlling motive by which they are governed.

It is easy to see that their chances of power are rapidly falling into nothingness, and impelled by the fact that they can never rule by legitimate means, they resort to this treasonable course. We have seen the example of the same motive impelling the Southern leaders to resort to armed rebellion. We look upon the course of these rebellious Abolitionists as equally, or rather far more, criminal. It is the same mad struggle for power, persistently carried on, and which will finally result in armed rebellion, as the other has, unless it is stopped.

It is pleaded that the Southern States have committed suicide. Such a plea would justify any despotism in the world. Whenever a government can assume to judge and decide that the people have forfeited their rights, it becomes an accursed tyranny, of the vilest description. The principle is the very foundation of tyranny, as it takes but a glance to discover.

There is one thing clear to our minds: that only through the machinery of State governments, resting upon the consent of the people, this country can exist as a Republic. States rights, under their limited loyal Constitution, is the very corner-stone of our freedom.

But it is argued that the officials of these States have all proved recreant to their duty. *Granted*; but that in no way justifies the punishment of the innocent. It is asserted that the people of the Southern States will fail to discharge their duty. This is assuming a fact beforehand, to justify an act making the Government as criminal as the rebels themselves. We deny the premises, and deny that the course proposed will be any remedy for it if true.

There will, of course, be a period when, for the preservation of peace, the forces of the United States will be necessary in the Southern States, but that in no way justifies the sweeping act of disfranchisement. But we understand the object of the United States armies is for the enforcement of United States laws. If it is necessary to use discretionary powers, they should be exercised with the greatest care.

It will, of course, take time. The people will have to learn that they can act with safety, undisturbed by disloyal persons and armed bands.

It must be known that they can peacefully assemble. We cannot expect them to do so until this can be done. It is easy to talk about loyalty, but when loyalty involves death, imprisonment and the loss of property, it is madness to expect men to be loyal. The object of the armies is simply to allow the loyal men to assemble.

We have no apprehension but the people will gradually return to their allegiance, as they are now doing in North Carolina and Tennessee; and that very act is an evidence, to our minds, that the safest way is to preserve the State lines and State governments. It shows that the rebellion was founded upon falsehood, which led many honorable men into error. The falsehood proved and we can confidently look to their return to their allegiance.

Whenever we hear men pouring out the vials of wrath upon the Southern people we are filled with sentiments of disgust. They may never have been continually and persistently misinformed as the Southern people have for several years. They have never had society and the point of the bayonet enforcing a conscription. None of the causes have forced them into error that have misguided and forced many of the Southern people into rebellion. If they had, we expect they would have been rampant rebels, as noisy as Yancey without his eloquence, as positive as Beauregard without his skill and courage, and as treasonable as Jeff. Davis without his eloquence and skill in making the bad appear the better cause.

We have the warmest sympathy for them, and we believe they have a right to demand that their rights in the restoration of the Union shall be preserved. We have also the inducement of self-interest to teach us that in the preservation of their rights are involved our own. The injury, if effected, will fall heavily upon the whole people. Whenever the Government is strong enough and mad enough to destroy the State lines, then history that day can write, "Here was the Republic of the United States."

☞ The rebellion at last seems to be concluding, if the rebel boast of holding Richmond at all hazards is really carried out. McClellan is pushing on by slow but sure advances, and almost every day gives us news of another advantage gained. We hardly expect, however, that they will do so. We look for another skedaddle from Richmond as they fled from Corinth. Indeed, what we have most to apprehend is that their whole army will divide into predatory bands, making their retreats in mountain fastnesses or marshes and only coming out to ravage the country. This is an evil that has befallen every country immediately after the quelling of a rebellion, and it has been authorized by the Southern Congress. The task of overtaking and punishing them will unquestionably be a difficult one, and will prolong the disturbance several years, but it will be done. As for the pretense of holding any point, we don't believe they will seriously attempt it.

☞ Stanley, military Governor of North Carolina, it seems, has dispensed with the schools set up to teach negroes at the public expense. The Tribune represents that Secretary Stanton has rent his clothes in anguish over this conduct of Stanley. The Tribune is very unreliable on such a subject. We predict that the President will require that Stanley be let alone to exercise his own discretion. These Abolitionists inform us that these Governors are not instructed to enforce local laws. Don't suppose such instructions are needed. The enforcement of law is the object of all measures now, and it is the business of the Governor to see that the laws are faithfully executed.

☞ Thanks to Hon. L. W. Powell for public documents from Washington.

Union Meeting in Owen County, Ky.

At a meeting of the Union men of Owen county, Kentucky, held at the town of Owenton, on the 31st day of May, 1862, Weedon Sleet, Esq., was called to the chair, and George S. Low appointed secretary.

Thomas H. Ritchy, W. B. Roberts and J F. Hawkins, having been appointed a committee on resolutions, reported the following, which were adopted without dissent:

1, *Resolved*, That the present crisis demands that every true patriot should stand firmly and boldly by the country, its Constitution and its laws, and that every effort should be made to defend the one, sustain the other, and enforce the third.

2. That no rebel, secessionist, or sympathizer with the rebellion should be elected to any office. It is evident that such men seek position with the view of being better situated to deal blows for the destruction of the Government they are pretending to serve.

3. That the formation of guerrilla parties in the country, is in opposition to the moral sense of every right-minded man in our community, and we appeal earnestly and imploringly to every citizen to exert all his influence and power to crush out all such designs.

4. That we consider the Abolitionists of the North as the worst enemies to the Government, and we denounce all the schemes of emancipation, abolition and confiscation, which they have proposed in the present Congress as subversive of the Constitution and dangerous to the rights and liberties of the whole people.

5. That we deem it the indispensable duty of every man to attend the polls and vote for men who are *known* to be loyal, and we pledge ourselves to vote for no man whose loyalty is suspected.

6. That in our opinion a convention should be held in this Judicial District for the purpose of nominating suitable candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney, and we invite the co-operation of the several counties in the District to that end and propose Owenton as the place and Saturday, the 21st day of June, as the time for holding said convention.

7. That Ben. Perry, Alex. Jameson, Brown Long, Harry Glass, Scott Glass, James E. Duvall, Anthony Smither, Jos. F. Hawkine, James E. McDowell, James S. Branham, Wm. Wilson, L. D. Bassett, Wm. Fortner, George C. Roberts, John B. McHatton, Wm. R. Ennis, James Hampton, S. P. Bell, Geo. S. Low, Barnard Vanderen, and Samuel H. Riley be, and they are hereby, appointed delegates to said Convention; and they are hereby instructed to use their best efforts to procure the nomination of Thomas A. Berryman, Esq., of Owen, as candidate for Circuit Judge.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate candidates for the county offices. The following are the nominees:

For County Judge—W. B. Roberts;
For Circuit Clerk—W. H. Sandford;
For County Clerk—Duval English;
For Sheriff—James M. Brown;
For Jailer—Will Hike;
For Coroner—Andrew McPherson;
For Assessor—Weedon Sleet;
For County Surveyor—T. J. Hardin.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the Louisville Journal, Louisville Democrat, Frankfort Commonwealth, and Cincinnati Commercial be requested to publish the above proceedings.

Adjourned.

WEEDON SLEET, President.
George S. Low, Secretary.

☞ We commend this to our readers:

COLUMBIA, KY., June 1, 1862.

Editors Democrat—Gentlemen: Is it not a little strange, when Senator Powell is making so much inquiry about citizens arrested and sent North by the Government, that no one in Congress makes an inquiry about Union citizens captured and sent South? Several have been taken from the counties of Clinton and Wayne. They write home to their friends from North Carolina and Alabama that they are nearly naked. Money has been sent to them by their friends, but never reaches them.

We hear quite often that there is recruiting going on for the South, and that the juries have tickets in some localities. Well, what else can we expect, when men of the most violent tory type, and those in high places, are allowed to hold on to their offices? When shall we learn that kind treatment never can conquer this rebellion? History has never furnished a case; and if we are determined to continue it, the quicker we acknowledge their independence the better. They rob and murder our citizens below here with impunity. Does Magoffin say aught about it? Governor Johnson has offered a reward for Champ Ferguson. Champ has murdered some as good citizens as we had in Clinton county, Reuben Woods amongst the number. Has Kentucky a Governor south of the Cumberland, or has she, through her Governor, relinquished it to Jeff.

Very respectfully,

* * *

FROM NATCHEZ.—A letter to the Boston Journal, dated on board the United States gunboat Kenebec, off Natchez, May 14, says: "We arrived at this place on Monday, 12th inst., passed Baton Rouge last week. The Stars and Stripes wave over that city now. The following vessels are lying at anchor opposite this city: United States sloops Brooklyn, Iroquois, Onedia and gunboats Sciota, Wissahicon, Winona and Kennebec. This city has not surrendered yet; will probably this day, and then for Vicksburg and Memphis. The planters are destroying and burning all their cotton; great quantities of which are floating down the river every day. One planter told me a few days ago, below here, that he had burned fifteen hundred bales of cotton."

Proclamation of General Shepley.

[From the New Orleans True Delta, May 21.]

We cannot to-day make a review of the able, temperate, eminently proper and most acceptable proclamation of General G. F. Shepley, the federal military commandant of New Orleans. We shall do so, however, if possible, to-morrow. The difficulties we labor under for want of material are known, and we are sure are fully appreciated by the thousands of citizens who daily welcome the True Delta in their houses, and to this cause solely is it owing that many matters of urgent public importance must now go uncommented on and unexplained to the public in our columns. The exceptional condition of our city at this time all must deplore; but regrets are at once useless and unavailing; let us, on the contrary, exhibit neither despondency nor sulkiness, but rather an earnest desire to repair what is amendable and make military dominations as mild and supportable to ourselves as the good feeling expressed by General Shepley and his announced respect for our laws and institutions warrant us in believing attainable.

[From the New Orleans Picayune, May 22.]

BANK OF COMMERCE,
NEW ORLEANS, May 21, 1862.

In obedience to the order of Major General Butler, this bank will discontinue the receipt and the purchase of Confederate States Treasury notes on and after the 27th inst.

With all persons who have or may make deposits therein, under a special written contract, good faith will be kept and payments made as usual, pursuant to the terms of such contract.

Since the discredit of shinplasters, this bank has issued, to a very small amount, notes of the denomination of one, two, three and five dollars, more for convenience than for profit; and will continue to do so on the terms prescribed by Major General Butler in his published order, giving them out at par for city and State notes, and for current bank notes, redeemable in the same description of paper when it can be procured.

The clause inserted on the face of the bills—"Payable in city bank notes six months after the termination of the present war"—is to assure the public that they will ultimately be redeemed at par with gold and silver, which will assuredly be done as soon as the banks generally resume specie payments, and to guard against a scarcity of other small current notes which may arise from the banks refusing to issue small notes.

JACOB BARKER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HOPE PLANTATION, May 15, 1862.

JACOB BARKER, Esq.—Dear Sir: This will introduce to your favorable notice Mr. Edward Poche, the overseer of this place, who visits the city to search for some of our slaves who ran away last night. Any assistance you can render him will be reciprocated with pleasure should an opportunity offer.

Yours, respectfully,
W. L. ADAMS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 21, 1862.

W. L. ADAMS, Esq., *at the Hope Plantation*.—Dear Sir: In reply to your letter of the 15th inst., I have to inform you that Mr. Poche leaves this day with a pass from the military authorities, on his return, with two of your boys. The other he could not find. I advanced him, on your account, fifty dollars to pay expenses, which you will, when convenient, return. The freedom with which passports are granted, must convince all of the good faith of General Butler. Allow me, dear sir, to solicit for those deluded boys your clemency. Kindness will have a much better effect on the whole human race than severity.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
JACOB BARKER.

Arrival of Gen. Prim, Commander of the Spanish Forces in Mexico.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM THE GENERAL RELATIVE TO THE MEXICAN WAR.

The Spanish steam-sloop-of-war Don Antonio Ulloas, Commander Serar, arrived at New York, on the 31st ult., from Havana, after a passage of five days.

She brought as passengers, General Prim, of the Spanish army, his son and suite, *en route* for Europe. It is their intention to remain a few weeks in this country.

Apropos of the arrival of General Prim, we find in the London Post, of the 17th of May, just received by the Europa, the following interesting letter from the Count de Reus to a friend in London:

ORIZABA, April 14, 1862.

Inflexible destiny is stronger than the will of man. Could I have doubted it, what has just occurred here would have convinced me.

The triple alliance no longer exists. The soldiers of the Emperor remain in this country *to establish a throne for the Archduke Maximilian—what madness!*—while the soldiers of England and Spain withdraw from the Mexican soil.

It was impossible for me to remain without forgetting altogether what I am, and what I owe to my Queen and my country.

The truth, after all, is that the Commissioners of the Emperor have departed entirely from the Convention of London, with the determination of acting on their own account only. The pretext was the protection which they insisted on extending to the Mexican emigrants, Almonte and the rest, who arrived at Vera Cruz, avowing that they came with the fixed plan of destroying the Republic in order to create a monarchy in favor of the Archduke Maximilian. Since then, in the conference of the 19th, five days before the negotiation with the Mexican Government, M. de Saligny declared that he would no longer treat with the Government of Juarez.

In the last *proces verbal* all is clearly expressed, clearly established—*in extenso*, as the diplomatists say—and that document alone will suffice for public opinion to determine who is right and who is wrong.

As to myself (a Spaniard) you will readily understand that I could not support this radical change of the political system of this country, if a Prince of the Austrian monarchy was to be imposed on it.

The Allies came here bound by the Convention of London, and we could not depart from it without placing ourselves in the wrong. I withdraw, then, with my troops, and go to Havana, to await the orders of my Government.

Yours, &c.,
PRIM.

THE FIGHT AT HANOVER COURTHOUSE.—The battle of Hanover Courthouse, brought on on Tuesday morning of last week, was a well-planned and well-managed affair, resulting in the defeat of a division of the enemy, with heavy loss, and the breaking of the railway communications of Richmond with the north and west of Virginia. It was a masterly move, and contributed largely to placing the Richmond rebels in a desperate condition, and forcing the sortie of Saturday, which resulted in their defeat The Richmond papers acknowledge the weight of the blow struck the rebel cause. The Dispatch says: "We must confess that in this one instance, at least, the enemy has outgeneraled us unmistakably."

☞ In regard to the cotton burnt at New Orleans by General Lovell, the Journal des Debats says: "In France we have journals which make it a business to excite the suffering populations of Europe against the North, by trying to throw on it the responsibility of the lack of work. But, workmen of Lancashire and Lyons! if you are out of work, you will know hereafter who to hold to account for your sufferings; you will know on which side are the cotton-burners!"

☞ Charles Mackay, formerly of the London Illustrated News, is now in this country as the special correspondent of the London Times. He is not expected to follow the army, but to write from other points of special interest.

☞ According to advices from Havana, General Santa Anna is about to enter upon the troubled scene in Mexico. His son had arrived there from St. Thomas, *en route* for that Republic.

☞ William H. Dean, of Carrollton, Kentucky, was released by the Provost Marshal, on taking the oath and giving bond in the sum of $10,000.

The Invasion of Mexico.

FRENCH ACCOUNT OF THE POLICY OF SPAIN.

[From the Paris Moniteur, May 15].

Accounts from Mexico, to the 11th ult., received via Havana, state that after conferences, in which the plenipotentiaries of the allied Powers could not come to an understanding, General Prim announced his determination to re-embark with his troops, and applied to the Captain General of Cuba to send him the necessary transports. Marshal Serrano, after having consulted with the civil and military authorities of Havana, did not think proper to accede to the application, and requested General de Gassett to return to Mexico and assume the command of the Spanish expeditionary corps, in case General Prim should persist in his project. The French troops were to repass the Chiquihuite, on the 20th, to immediately commence hostilities.

BRITISH OPINION OF NAPOLEON'S CAMPAIGN.

[From the London Times, May 15.]

Thus, by this sudden and unlooked for transformation, France finds herself alone on the continent of America, committed to a war with a vast empire, whose very name excites the imagination and quickens the pulse. France has an undoubted *casus belli* against Mexico, which she may without any violation of the law of nations prosecute to the utmost extremity. The difficulty which the dislike of the United States to the intervention of other European Powers would once have presented is for the present removed. Absorbed in their own intestine brawls, the Anglo-Americans can do nothing to prevent the establishment on their frontiers of the most formidable neighbor who could possibly place himself there. Spain may probably view with much discontent the threatened occupation by France of a former dependency, to the loss of which she has never wholly resigned herself, and which but a little while ago she entertained apparently no unreasonable hope of regaining. But Spain, although risen far above the decrepitude of the earlier part of the century, is probably neither able nor willing to do more than withdraw from partnership in the French expedition. Three of the great Powers of Europe are, as Mr. Disraeli says, immersed in domestic difficulties, and unable to assert themselves in controlling the affairs of foreign countries.

* * * * * * *

We can, however, with the utmost sincerity, assure the French nation that we view its occupation of Mexico, on whatever terms it may take place, without the slightest jealousy or ill-will, and that we shall rejoice in its success. To Mexico itself, a French occupation would be an almost unmixed benefit.

A PRAYER FROM CUBA FOR PROTECTION FROM AMERICA.

[From the Paris Patrie, May 17.]

The principal inhabitants of Havana have addressed a petition to the Queen of Spain, in which they pray that the Spanish troops may continue to act in accord with the French in the question of Mexico. They point out in the document that it is for the interest of the colony that a strong and stable government could be established in Mexico, in order to prevent that country from falling into the hands of the Americans, who would make it the basis of their operations for hereafter gaining possession of the Antilles, and particularly of Havana. Marshal Serrano, it is said, supports the prayer of the petitioners. An Aide-de-Camp of the Marshal has arrived in Europe from Havana, on his way to Madrid, charged with a special mission.

From Corinth.

WHEN THE REBELS EVACUATED.—Although the rebel Generals—so I learned from Mr. Harrington and others—did not fully determine to evacuate the place till Tuesday evening, the 27th ult., they had for a long time been sending away all extra baggage, and everything not actually needed for the subsistence of the troops, or for a battle. They did this with a view of a speedy retreat, in case one became necessary, either before or after a fight. The question of the final evacuation was left open, to be decided as time and circumstances should dictate; and, in the meantime, the army and the people were to be cajoled into the belief that Corinth was the last ditch—the spot where Pillow intended to die.

All of the citizens of Corinth, and I believe of the rebel States, believed the place would be held at all hazards, and the chagrin and disappointment at its evacuation, without a blow, were deep and bitter. I talked with several who, up to that hour, had never faltered in their faith, but who now look upon their cause as past the remotest chance of a resurrection, and are adapting themselves to their new and changed circumstances. They say that if the South could not defend Corinth, they cannot hold their ground at any other point, and it is idle to prolong a war which is desolating twelve States.

On Tuesday, the 27th, an intelligent deserter came into camp, and on being questioned stated that General Beauregard had been at Holly Springs, Mississippi, for several days, recruiting his health, as he alleged, but that he returned at nine o'clock that morning. The story, except as to the health, was a true one, as I have since ascertained; and I also learn that the masses of the people and the soldiers, really supposed he was there recuperating, he having given out to that impression. But the fact was, he was searching for a place to which to make retreat, and on his return he called a council of war, on Tuesday evening, and announced his determination to evacuate Corinth. I learn that Pillow, Price, and Hardee concurred with him, and that Bragg and Van Dorn opposed the movement, as absolutely destructive of the cause. But all would not do; the order was given, and Corinth was evacuated.—*Cor. Cin. Gazette.*

From Alabama.

The Huntsville (Ala.) correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial says:

Gen. Mitchel has no idea of evacuating Northern Alabama. He is able to and will still hold Huntsville. The news of our evacuating was a source of grief to many of the citizens. They are anxious for us to stay here while the war lasts. Said a gentlemen of wealth, position and influence, to me last evening: "You must not heed the silly women or boasting men of our place. They do not represent the true feeling of our community. They only act thus to aggravate your men. They would rather have your soldiers here than their own."

The fifty prisoners taken by Colonel Gill, at Bridgeport, have been exchanged. They were disappointed. Being tired of war, they were desirous of having their parole, and sent a note to Gen. Mitchel to that effect.

They went away much against their will, saying they were determined to fight no more. Some few of them were boastful, and said they would fight to the last. While here they were treated with distinguished consideration. One of their comrades died. They were allowed to attend his funeral without any guard. They went unattended, and returned to the prison in regular order.

"I think more of the North, and her brave, gallant men, than ever," said a bright, intelligent Georgian. I could tell by his look and pressure of the hand that he meant it. We will be brothers yet, I ventured to remark. "I hope so," was his emphatic reply.

Why did you enter the army? Were you not happy under the old flag? "I could not do otherwise than enter the army. Our leaders succeeded in raising the excitement of enlisting, and it was almost a necessity that compelled me to go. All my companions were enlisting, and I could not stay away. We were happy under the old flag. I know of no right that Georgia has been deprived of. They said that you wanted our negroes, but you have proven that to be a lie, and now we are desirous of having the war closed. Our leaders are not, but the soldiers are."

Interesting from North Carolina.

The Newbern correspondent of the New York Herald, writing May 28th, sends the following interesting statement of facts:

The coming of Governor Stanley gives a "head and front" to the Union movement which is so rapidly assuming strength in this State. The extracts which you have published of the proceedings of the convention at Raleigh show that the Legislature is already affected with the contagion to an extent most alarming to the traitors; and it is thought by many that a formal surrender of the State to the Union is not far distant. The seeds of dissension have been sown; rebellion is springing up in rebellion (a case where two wrongs make a right); the people have tasted of the cup of secession and found it full of gall; their confederacy and its government are a mockery; and with the emotions of loyalty and patriotism rising gradually triumphant over party and political feelings, North Carolinians are waking up to a sense of the truth, and are impressing their legislative leaders with similar sentiments. They have found the Union troops and their Generals persistently complying with the principles openly proclaimed as the object of the war waged against rebellion, and the restoration of North Carolina to the Union will be in a great measure due to the highly conservative policy of General Burnside, who, as everybody is well aware, has never, in the prosecution of the campaign here, occupied himself in the least with the 'peculiar institution" which forms the feature of the South. He has totally ignored slaves and slavery, and in his proclamation to the people declared the intentions of the Union troops to be the protection of loyal persons, the restoration of law and order, and submission of the State to the Federal Government and Constitution. No North Carolinian can deny that this broad policy has been pursued without deviation, and the fact is fast taking possession of their reason that the Federal Government is sincere in the avowed objects of the war which it is now carrying on. Day after day this fact is becoming more and more impressed upon their minds.

You have seen how far this reaction has operated already, in the withdrawal of North Carolina regiments from the field, and it is shrewedly conjectured that the Union prisoners lately released here, and now on their way North, were set at liberty by the authorities of the State, independently of the Confederate Government. If we review the history of the negotiations which passed relative to the release and exchange of these prisoners, we will find that the matter was agitated by Gen. Burnside immediately after the battle of Roanoke island, and then died out through want of attention, or rather intention, on the part of the Confederate authorities. But within a few weeks past the matter suddenly comes up again, and the prisoners are released. Would it not appear as if North Carolina, anxious to retrieve her standing with loyal States, took this bold step—the releasing of all the prisoners within her limits—as the first step towards returning to the Union? Again, a more friendly feeling on the part of the North Carolina troops, now opposing us in this immediate vicinity, would seem to be exhibited in the cessation of picket shooting, and the little incident mentioned in an accompanying letter, of the withdrawal of a rebel battery of four guns on the Neuse river, would also seem to evince a desire on the part of the authorities to stop offensive operations against us.

The voluntary return of the State at this time, before the inevitably final and complete victory of the Union arms over the whole revolted South, will re-establish it much sooner in the estimation and confidence of the North, and reopen it to the advantages of trade and commerce. The wealth of the State—the pine trees—has not been impaired by the war to any extent; on the contrary, they are ready at the proper time to yield a double supply. May we not hope, then, that the "Old North State" will soon be with us again, an erring but repentant sister?

McClellan's Generalship in Front of Richmond.

THE TESTIMONY GIVEN BY THE ENEMY.

The Richmond Dispatch, of the 27th of May, has an article on "The Struggle over the Metropolis." It says:

"There is yet no battle, and the enemy is known to be fortifying his whole line on the north bank of the Chickahominy. He has been seen engaged in this labor most industriously for several days. He will next commence the shelling of our army. Some people say from one of his earthworks he can pitch a shell into this city. This we doubt, though it must be confessed that the line of works now in progress by one of the great dirt diggers of the age, is rather nearer than the citizens like. We know very little of war, and do not presume that our own opinions will receive any more weight than they are entitled to.

"It seems to us, however, that as no attack has been made on our side until it may be presumed the enemy is pretty well fortified, there will not be any at all of his present position. What our Generals intend to do, of course they alone know. They have learning, large capacity and experience. The country has relied and is relying on them, and if there is occasionally some misgiving, let us hope that the result will prove that there is no good reason for it. But it is a fact that the commonest observer must know that delay is not the thing for us. The enemy has great facilities of water transportation and has even made the York River Railroad from the White House to near the Dispatch Station on the Chickahominy useful to him by putting upon it locomotives and trains of cars."

THE CASE AS SEEN FROM OUR SIDE.

THREE MILES BEYOND BOTTOM'S BRIDGE,
May 25th, 1862.

The information derived from the prisoners taken at Williamsburg was to the effect that the Union forces, would be obliged to fight a terrible battle before they could cross the insignificant stream—the Chickahominy. The enemy, no doubt, intended to make this river the line of their defense; but thanks to the skill of Gen. McClellan and other scientific officers, their whole plans were futile. Three hundred thousand men could not now defend Richmond, according to the original rebel plan, for the reason of the peculiar disposition of the Union forces. They are obliged to fall back to the outskirts of Richmond, and form new plans. They are completely out-generaled.

The Chickahominy river at Bottom's bridge is of little account—some ten miles down stream, near Long bridge, the river begins to look somewhat respectable. The mules in the army train could almost drink it dry at this point. The shore on each side of the river is low and wet, probably very good meadow land. Dense woods are on the hills adjoining these meadows.

The shores of the Chickahominy could be made very strong for a defensive position, and the enemy no doubt intended to avail themselves of these natural defenses, but science and genius knocks all their props from under them, and away they go. Thus it will ever be, while we have such a man as General McClellan at the head of our army.

☞ There are some people who have only just now got their eyes open to an appreciation of the fact that we are engaged in a tremendous war. The Toronto Leader says:

When one brushes away the haze of interaction and the daily details of the war, and the outline of the preparations on both sides are allowed to stand out boldly in relief, their magnitude almost strikes one with amazement. Six hundred thousand men pitted against each other in two localities, and either army apparently indifferent about risking a battle! Modern wars afford no parallel to such extraordinary preparations. The mind is naturally carried back to the days of Xerxes to find anything in military annals to compare to the present war in the States.

TELEGRAPHIC.

From Yesterday's Evening News.

Jackson Driven from Strasburg to Woodstock and Beyond!

Rebels Lookixg to Foreign Intervention!

ANOTHER PRIZE!

General Dix at Fortress Monroe!

[Special to the New York Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, June 3.

Rev. Dr. Tyng, of New York, and Stephen Callwell, of Philadelphia, representing the Freedmen's Association of those cities, waited on Secretary Stanton this morning, in company with Senator Sumner, to inquire into the authority under which Gov. Stanley issued his order closing the colored schools in North Carolina. These gents had official advices that this had been done, from Vincent Collier, who was teaching 1,500 loyal blacks when the order was issued. Secretary Stanton showed them his instructions to Governor Stanley, which contain not a word directing him to enforce the local laws of North Carolina, nor do they in any other way authorize him to issue the order in question.

Secretary Stanton also said that he would not remain one hour a member of an administration which sanctioned such proceedings as those of Gov. Stanley, and read his visitors the letters which he had just written to that functionary after consultation with the President, in which he was directed to revoke the obnoxious order and to allow the schools to go on as heretofore.

The commissions and instructions to Gov. Stanley and Andy Johnson were to-day sent into the Senate in response to Senator Sumner's resolution of inquiry. The commissions simply constitute them Military Governors of their respective States, to keep the peace and maintain the national power. Their instructions are in very general terms, and prescribe duties such as are suggested in their commissions as quoted above. Not a word in either about enforcing local laws.

[Special to the Herald].

The House Committee on Railroads, &c., have instructed their Chairman, Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky, to report a bill to further the construction of the Pittsburg and Connellsville railroad, to the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, at Cumberland. This is in accordance with the memorial of the members of the Legislature of Ohio, which sets forth the need of closer, speedier, and more direct communication between the Northwest and Washington. By this road, in connection with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, seventy miles would be saved, in the transit from the great Northwest to the seat of the Government. It is represented in the memorial that the amounts that would be saved in freights and fares by this line, would soon more than repay any temporary outlay of the Government expenses of transportation on military account; accordingly, the Committee report in favor of indorsing bonds of the Connellsville road, to the amount of two millions, under proper securities; provided, that troops, munitions of war, and stores shall be carried over said road at half the usual price.

The report of the Pacific Railroad, as provided by the bill that has passed the House, runs gradually and directly north and west, from St. Joseph, Mo., to Southwest Pass, near the 43d parallel of latitude, and thence it deflects southwest to the Great Salt Lake, from which point it describes a circular course in a northerly direction, and enters California above Sacramento. The steepest grade is at the Sierra Nevada, and is but one hundred and four feet. At all other points the grades are not extraordinary.

FREMONT'S HEADQUARTERS,
Woodstock, Va., June 2.

General Fremont, after occupying Strasburg, last night, was obliged by the darkness and tremendous storm, and the fatigue of his men, to delay his advance till morning. At six o'clock the pursuit of the retreating enemy was resumed, and vigorously continued during the day.

General McDowell's advance, being part of a brigade under General Bayard, reached Strasburg this morning, and was ordered forward by General Fremont, to join in the pursuit, with the cavalry and artillery. The enemy, to retard the pursuit, endeavored to make a stand, in three strong positions, with artillery, but were driven rapidly, and with loss, from each. Jackson's rear guard passed through Woodstock this afternoon. The head of his column had reached it at sunrise. Col. Pilson, chief of artillery on General Fremont's staff, who selected with great skill the successive positions for the batteries, is wounded by the fall of his horse, which was shot under him, while reconnoitering within thirty yards of the enemy. The batteries engaged were Schiermer's and Buell's, of Gen. Stahl's brigade. The 1st New Jersey and 1st Pennsylvania cavalry, under Gen. Bayard, and the 6th Ohio and Stewart's Indiana cavalry, under Col. Zagoyi, were in advance, driving the enemy before them, and in support of the batteries. The road and woods were strewn with arms, stores and clothing. A large number of prisoners have been taken. Our loss is one killed and several wounded.

Gen. Fremont's rapid march, combined with General McDowell's movements, has wholly relieved the Shenandoah Valley and Northern Virginia. Jackson will be overtaken and forced to fight, or must abandon his ground entirely.

WASHINGTON, June 3.

The Government regards as a palpable fact, that the movers in the present rebellion never entertained the expectation of achieving a revolution; what they desired was to open a point for foreign intervention, on which they relied to overthrow the Union. They began their intrigues, even before they ventured upon the rebellion, and ever since have applied themselves to this work of intervention. The question of revolution was, therefore, a fraud, and is now exposed to the world. It is not doubted that these views are now, or soon will be, known to European Governments, through the Secretary of State.

A highly interesting report was made to the House this afternoon, by Mr. Blair, of Maryland, from the Committee on Military Affairs, with an amendment, reported as a supplementary section to the pending bill for enlarging the Illinois Canal, and improving the Illinois river. The section provides for enlarging the locks of the Erie and Oswego canals to a size adequate to pass gunboats, at a cost not exceeding $3,000,000.

The report presses these works strongly as a military necessity, rendered necessary by the menaces last winter of the British press, in respect to the cities and commerce of the lakes. Our two great channels of naval access, one from the Hudson and the other from the Mississippi, are strikingly treated by the report as integral and inseparable portions of a harmonious system of national defense. Their commercial importance will, probably, be presented to Congress in some other form.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 3.

In the convention but little was done except offering and referring to the proper committees resolutions relating to the various subjects before the convention. The Committee on Elections, this afternoon, determined to report in favor of repealing the ordinance passed at a previous session submitting the action of the convention to the people for ratification or rejection, and against holding an election for State officers until the term for which Claib. Jackson was elected, which expires in 1864. They have not yet determined in regard to the election for members of the Legislature.

[Special to Cincinnati Commercial.]

WASHINGTON, June 3.

The fate of the motion to reconsider the vote on the emancipation bill, will be determined in the House to-morrow; doubtful. Three members are added to the conservative party since the last vote: Streets, of Pennsylvania; Allen, of Illinois—the new members; and Col. Foulke, who was seen on the street here to-day.

Had General Fremont reached Strasburg twelve hours sooner, as he promised to do, or had he followed his original orders, Jackson would, probably, have been bagged.

The Baltimore American of this morning has a leader, showing that a great revolution has taken place in Maryland within a year, in favor of the Union.

Several Congressmen, just from White House, where they went from Fort Monroe on Sunday, after hearing of the battle, say that two trains brought one thousand wounded from Chickahominy, who were transferred to vessels to be distributed to different hospitals. Those in charge of them said as many more were to come, besides many too seriously wounded to be moved.

The wounded said Gen. Casey's division was led into ambuscade, the enemy drawing them on by a feigned retreat until made victims by the fire from the woods on each side, which no troops could stand. On Sunday the enemy were driven at all points on the line of fifteen miles long, except Casey's division, which gained no ground. At four o'clock Gen. McClellan in person went to Casey's troops, and made a speech, in which he said the enemy was routed at all points except in their front. If they did their duty, they would bag the whole rebel army in six hours.

The fighting continued until Sunday at nightfall, when, it is believed at the White House, Casey's division still had failed to recover lost ground.

On Monday both armies were burying the dead. Among the wounded were Col. Briggs, son of Ex-Governor Briggs, 10th Massachusetts, and Gen. Divens.

Major Dwight, of the 2d Massachusetts, made prisoner near Winchester while caring for the wounded of his regiment, was paroled by Jackson, and arrived here to-night with dispatches from Gen. Banks. He says the stories about the barbarity of the rebels towards our sick and wounded are unfounded, but firing from the windows of the town, and throwing hot water at the retreating soldiers, was true.

Jackson's force is supposed to be nearly 30,000 strong, while Banks had but 3,500 in the field. The 2d Massachusetts guarded the rear, and fought during the march from Newtown to Winchester, which lasted from dark on Saturday evening till 1 o'clock Sunday morning, at dawn. From one ridge, near Winchester, they kept the enemy at bay for three hours and a half, killing many more than they lost. One rebel Colonel admitted the loss of eight officers in his regiment.

Saxton is also here, having been relieved from command at Harper's Ferry, with 7,000 raw troops, who kept at bay and repulsed three times their number. The enemy was at least 20,000 strong, composed of excellent Virginia, Mississippi, Lonisiana, Georgia, and Alabama troops, who were bent on destroying the bridges and stores at Harper's Ferry, and so disgusted Jackson that, finding himself obliged to retreat, he fairly cried.

Had the rebels succeeded in crossing Harper's Ferry, Pennsylvania would probably have seen them.

The number of killed and wounded at Chickahominy is 3,000, not 300.

WOODSTOCK, VA., June 3.

The enemy was driven out of Strasburg last evening, by Gen. Fremont's advance guard, and have been closely pursued today by his forces and Gen. Bayard's cavalry brigade. They have several times made stands, and skirmishing has been going on, but with trifling loss on both sides. One of Gen. Bayard's command was killed, and Col. Pilson, chief of artillery, and one of Gen. Fremont's aids, were wounded. The enemy are now encamped about three miles beyond Woodstock. We hold the village. We have taken about 300 prisoners, and more are being brought in constantly.

BALTIMORE, June 3.

A survey of that portion of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad recently invaded by the rebels shows that but little damage has been done. The road master reports the damage to the bridges slight, and the road will be in thorough working order Thursday night or Friday morning.

Col. Kenly, of the First Maryland, has reached Martinsburg. He has a slight saber wound on the side of the head. He will soon be able to take the field again.

WASHINGTON, June 3—11 P. M.

The War Department has not received any further details of the late battle in front of Richmond.

No news of public interest has been received from the army of Corinth.

Advices from the Valley of the Shenandoah indicate that a race is being run, in which, so far, Jackson's army has the lead.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 3.

The steamer State of Maine arrived today from White House, with about 130 of the wounded in the recent engagement

Daily Democrat.

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Office—79 Third Street, east side, between Market and Jefferson.

THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1862.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice.

Eastern, Western and Northern closes at 12:00 M., and arrives at 12:00 M.

Southern Kentucky, via L. & N. R.R., (small offices close at 9:00 P. M. the previous evening), closes at 6:30 A. M., and arrives at 5:00 P. M.

Mailboat to Cincinnati, Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and arrives at 6:00 A. M.

L. & F. R.R. closes at 12:00 at night and 1:00 P. M., and arrives at 11:00 A. M. and 6:30 P. M.

Shelbyville closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 A. M.

Lebanon R.R. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 P. M.

Bardstown R.R. closes at 3:00 P. M., and arrives at 9:30 P. M.

Shawneetown Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 P. M.

Henderson and River (tri-weekly) leaves Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 1:00 P. M., and arrives at 6:00 A. M.

Taylorsville Stage closes at 8:00 A. M., and arrives at 4:30 P. M.

☞ On routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at night, the way mails close at 9:00 P. M.

CITY NEWS.

☞ Mr. C. O. SMITHER is our agent at Versailles, Ky. Persons desiring to subscribe will please call on him.

FOR SALE—Several fonts of wooden type and a variety of cuts necessary in a well-appointed job office. Also, a No. 1 Ruggles card cutter, nearly new and in good order. Apply at this office.

The General Hospitals.

Hospital No. 1—Corner of Ninth street and Broadway.

Hospital No. 2—Corner of Eighth and Green streets.

Hospital No. 3—Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

Hospital No. 4—Corner of Fifteenth and Main streets.

Hospital No. 5—Corner of Seventh and Main streets.

Hospital No. 6—Corner of Center and Green streets.

Hospital for small-pox—On Bardstown road, near Cave Hill Cemetery.

THEATER.—Those who failed to attend the theater last night missed a rare treat. The play of Ingomar is a German creation and rather transcendant; but it is a very beautiful creation, and, unlike other German plays, can result in nothing else, to him who sees it well played and heeds its admonitions, than great good. The principal characters, Ingomar and Parthenia, in spite of the sentimentality thrown in by the author, are very fine specimens of humanity—brave, honorable, and high-minded. Miss Dora Shaw's Parthenia was in every particular the most excellent impersonation of that character which we have seen in many a long year; so full of ease and grace, so true to the idea of the author. And Macauley's Ingomar was a magnificent performance, proving him one of the best actors of his age on the boards. To-night Miss Shaw will appear as Mrs. Haller, in the Stranger, and we advise those who would see a strongly-drawn character portrayed with power and effect to go, and go early.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS—*Wednesday, June 4.*—Patrick Sullivan was brought in from the workhouse, and gave bail in $500 for six months.

John Fitzgerald, charged with beating his wife; own bond in $500 for six months.

Michael Cane, drunkenness and disorderly conduct; bail in $100 for two months. Gave bail.

Mary Doyle, drunk and disorderly conduct; bail in $100 for two months.

Commonwealth, by Mary Ann Powers, vs. John Fitzpatrick, and Commonwealth, by John Fitzpatrick, vs. Mary Ann Powers, peace warrant; both discharged at plaintiff's costs.

Saml. Turner, charged with stealing $85 from Charles Gavitt; discharged.

ANTONIO BROTHERS' CIRCUS.—This mammoth concern gave another of their extraordinary entertainments last night, and we were surprised to find such a large audience. Mr. Bob Smith, the clown, kept the audience alive with his ready flow of wit and fun, while the extraordinary feats on horseback were astonishing to all. They will give an entertainment this afternoon at 2, and this evening at 7 o'clock. Go, everybody, that would witness good acting, and we warrant they will come away exclaiming, "Much fun!"

UNAUTHORIZED PROCEEDINGS.—A lot of soldiers went to the circus Tuesday night, and imposed themselves upon the door-keepers, pretending to be Provost Guards, and to have been sent there under one pretense and another, thus gaining admittance without paying. This is wrong, and should be stopped at once.

DEATH OF S. H. BULLEN, ESQ., CASHIER OF THE BANK OF KENTUCKY.—Intelligence has reached our city of the death of S. H. Bullen, for many years Cashier of the Bank of Kentucky. He went South several months ago, to look after his estate in Mississippi. He died at Memphis, Tenn., on the 23d of May.

EVERY ONE TO HIS TASTE.—The New York Tribune's special correspondent from McClellan's rear says of the negroes he associates with in Virginia: "Compared to some of the white people here, *they are superior creatures—gentlemen.*"

☞ Chancellor Vankoughnet signalized the commencement of his career on the Chancery bench of Canada West by causing a decree to be entered that counsel practicing in his court shall be prohibited from wearing moustaches.

GEN. BOYLE.—It will be seen by General Order No. 1, which we publish this morning, that Brigadier General J. T. Boyle assumes command of all the forces in Kentucky, except those under General Morgan at Cumberland Ford.

☞ We publish this morning the proceedings of a Union meeting held in "Sweet Owen" a few days ago. Read them. The Union sentiment is unmistakable and outspoken.

RETURNED FROM THE SOUTH.—Nathan Watson, Ambrose S. Dudley, S. B. Walker and Wm. Harig, returned from the South, and have been lodged in the Military prison of this city.

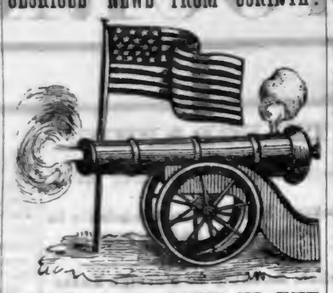
☞ The season has approached for out-door sports, such as base ball, cricket, row boat clubs, &c., and we hope the young men of this city, who have "nothing else to do," will take advantage of it.

☞ To Joe Smithers, Esq., and Joe Short, of the Louisville & Lexington Railroad, we are thankful for favors.

☞ There were thirteen persons confirmed at the Jewish Synagogue on yesterday morning.

PERSONAL.—George H. Dobyns, Esq., Sutler of the 12th Kentucky Regiment, is in the city.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM CORINTH!



BEAUREGARD GIVES UP THE CONTEST!

Gen. Halleck sends us this moruing most glorious news. Major-General John Pope with 40,000 men is 30 miles south of Florence, Ala., in pursuit of Beauregard's flying army, and has captured *ten thousand prisoners and deserters*, fifteen thousand stand of arms, nine locomotives and a large number of cars.

When Beauregard found that his retreat down the Mobile and Ohio railroad had been cut off by Col. Elliott, he became perfectly frantic, gave up the contest, and, in his native French, cried out to his army, "*Sauve qui pent*"—"Every man take care of himself, and Halleck take the hindmost." Beauregard will do no more fighting; he will endeavor to reach Mexico, alone, an exile and a wanderer, and his deluded followers, scattered like sheep without a shepherd, will fall ready prisoners into Halleck's hands. The contest in the Mississippi Valley is over. The Mississippi river is open from Cairo to the Gulf, and the rebellion is virtually ended.

A VETERAN.—Day before yesterday a hale hearty man, 70 years of age, passed through this city, en route for his home in the State of Indiana. He had been in the United States service and obtained a furlough permitting him to remain at home and await the completion of his final discharge papers. He was with the hero of Mexico, throughout the Mexican campaign. He was also in the Florida war, besides being in many skirmishes and battles in the present rebellion. He took an active part in, and fought gallanly, the battle of Shiloh, where, with his own hands, he assisted in digging the graves and burying two of his noble sons. He has two sons-in-law, and one son yet remaining in the army at Corinth, who are bravely trying to emulate the true patriotism and national love of the old man. We are sorry we did not learn his name.

INQUEST No. 365.—Held at the ferry landing, between First and Second streets, on the 4th inst., over the body of an unknown man, found floating in the river, near the place above named, dressed as a boatman, about 30 years of age, dark hair and side whiskers, and about five feet nine inches in hight. Verdict: "Came to his death from drowning."

J. M. BUCHANAN, Coroner.

INQUEST No. 366.—Held on the 4th inst., at the river, below Six Mile Island, over the body of an unknown man, found floating in the river at the place above named, dressed as a soldier, with accoutrements on, of medium age and size, much decomposed and fallen to pieces, doubtless having been in the river since early in the spring. Verdict: "Came to his death from drowning."

J. M. BUCHANAN, Corner.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES IN KENTUCKY, LOUISVILLE, KY., June 4th, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 1.—By order of the Secretary of War, Brigadier General J. T. Boyle hereby assumes command of the forces in Kentucky. The commanding officers of regiments, and of detached forces, are ordered to report, without delay, to these Headquarters, the strength of their respective commands.

This order does not apply to the forces under command of Brig. Gen. Morgan, at Cumberland Ford.

By command of Brig. Gen. Boyle,

JOHN BOYLE, A. A. G.

☞ A private letter was received in this city yesterday evening, stating that the Hon. Robt. Mallory, our Representative in Congress, has succeeded in effecting an exchange for Lieut. Col. Neff, of the 2d Kentucky regiment. The party to be exchanged has been sent forward. This will be welcome news to his many friends.

☞ Capt. I. B. Webster, of the 10th Ky. Regiment, now at Corinth, who has been here on the sick list, will return to his regiment about the middle of next week. Any letters or small packages, for the members of his regiment, will be delivered, if left at Webster's picture gallery, on Main street.

☞ At the convention last night George W. Herbert, Esq., was declared unanimously the candidate to fill the vacancy in the Common Council, occasioned by the resignation of E. A. Buckner, Esq., in the Fourth ward. The election takes place next Saturday.

☞ We met our old friend and staunch railroad man, Mr. W. H. Finkline, one of the oldest and best railroad men on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, yesterday. We learn it is his intention to remove to this city in a short time.

☞ The brass band connected with Antonio Brothers' Circus was out yesterday in a wagon, drawn by eight beautiful horses. They passed our office discoursing delightful music. They give an entertainment this afternoon and to-night.

☞ We failed to receive the report of yesterday's races at Lexington. We will publish it, with to-day's report, in our paper to-morrow.

☞ Col. Alvin C. Gillen has arrived in Nashville to take command of the First Middle Tennessee regiment. He was attached to Gen. Buell's staff.

☞ A basket picnic will be given by Company D, of the Provost Guard, in Young's woods, on Saturday, the 7th inst.

☞ There has been a general rain throughout the State. The crops present a good appearanec and are growing finely.

☞ Thanks to O. J. Carr, Esq., the popular Adams Express messenger, for Nashville papers in advance of the mails.

☞ There is to be a select picnic at Smith's Grove to-day! It will be a day well spent.

☞ The Council meets to-night.

☞ Report of the Eighth ward Committee of the Soldiers' Relief Association:

MAY 27, 1862.

Mrs. N. B. Smith, President: Since our last report the following articles have been contributed by and through the Committee:

Thirty-two canton flannel shirts, 26 shirts for wounded soldiers, 40 burial shirts, 13 pairs socks, 28 pairs drawers, 4 pairs pants, 6 pairs slippers, 1 cap, 6 dressing gowns, 2 collars, 6 cravats, 46 pin-cushions, 82 pads, 63 towels, 4 dozen handkerchiefs, 8 curtains, 43 sheets, 7 pillow cases, 26 wash-cloths, 40 pounds old linen and cotton rags, 45 chickens, 13 pounds crackers, 4 pounds tea, 16 cans chickens and tomatoes, 25 cans fruit, 1 jar jelly, 4 papers corn starch, 17 loaves bread, 51 pies, 7 lbs butter, 1 bag sage and peppers, 1 boiled ham, 2 bags dried peaches, 1 bag dried apples, 1 box apple butter, ½ bushel pickles, 4 lbs rice, pamphlets, tracts, &c.

Ladies of Detroit, Michigan, sent us a box containing 19 tumblers jelly, 2 bowls jelly, 6 large sheets, 2 pillow cases, 1 pillow, 3 linen tablecloths, 1 bundle old linen, 20 rolls bandages, 1 bundle lint, 1 cake soap, 1 box prunes, 10 lbs farina, 4 jars tamarinds, 7 papers corn starch, 6 shirts, 4 lbs tapioca, 4 lbs rice.

From Mrs. Hoosier and other ladies of Bloomington, Ind., we received a box of valuable articles. Also, one from Mrs. Dr. Atkinson and other ladies of Simpsonville, and one from Miss Kate Smith, of Pewee Valley, and a donation of $5 from a gentleman.

Respectfully, ELIZABETH FERGUSON, Moderator.

☞ The following sick Kentucky soldiers were sent to Cincinnati on the Emma Duncan:

Private Robert T. Beel, co. K, 13th regiment, diarrhea; Ebenezer Johnston, co. D, 25th, lung fever; Capt. Joseph P. Hemphoff, co. G, 6th, fever; private W. F. Wakeland, co. —, 17th, typhoid fever; Cortoz H. Bean, co. F, 17th, debility; N. H. Hale, co. G, 20th, typhoid fever; Geo. K. Worthum, co. I, 2d cavalry, rheumatism; M. B. Brown, co. E, 20th, debility; John L. Elliott, co. E, 13th, diarrhea; John W. Irwin, co. I, 27th, typhoid fever; Samuel S. Smith, co. F, 27th, diarrhea; Wm. Dismore, co. B, 9th, fever; Lee Bratton, co. D, 9th, debility; T. F. Pagett, co. E, 9th diarrhea; D. B. Stone, co. I, 27th, diarrhea; J. Taylor, co. H, 22d, diarrhea; W. Marsh, co. A, 9th, diarrhea; John Rush, co. F, 17th, diarrhea; Warren Lewis, co. F, 17th, lung fever; Lewis P. Duncan, co. C, 20th, measles; Ira M. Pipkin, co. I, 9th, dropsy; Sol. N. Jones, co. I, 9th, diarrhea; Wm. W. Maize, co. E, 11th, debility; Uriah F. Everley, co. A, 26th, typhoid fever; John Greenwald, co. F, 27th; C. W. Barton, co. B, 13th, fever; Isaac Mayfield, co. K, 13th, rheumatism; John E. Adcock, co. I, 13th, fever; J. H. Beall, co. D, 9th, rheumatism; Wm. A. Chitwood, co. D, 9th, fever; L. E. D. Chitwood, co. D, 9th, rheumatism; Clairbourne Borden, co. D, 9th, sprain; A. D. Hodges, co. C, 9th, —; Sandford P. Curry, co. E, 9th, rheumatism; Greenbury Underwood, co. A, 13th, spinal disease; Archibald Radcliff, co. F, 13th, rheumatism; J. D. Lovell, co. B, 19th, rheumatism; Whitfield D. Gaddy, co. A, 11th, lung fever; David B. Miller, co. H, 11th; Sanford Pool, co. I, 27th, fever; David Harris, co. F, 9th; B. F. Hocker, co. B, 3d, fistula.

☞ Three officers of the 6th Ohio regiment (Guthrie Grays) are still held as prisoners at Salisbury, North Carolina. Captain James Bense and Lieutenants Chas. Gilmore and F. J. Shiffer, are the officers.

☞ There is some talk of a train of cars running daily from Springfield, Tenn., to Nashville.

☞ Hackett, the celebrated tragedian is playing Falstaff in St. Louis.

Letter from Hart County.

HART COUNTY, KY., June 3, 1862.

Editors Democrat—Gentlemen: According to previous arrangement, the good people of Hart county assembled *en masse* on yesterday at the Court-house in Munfordville, for the purpose of nominating candidates for county offices; and though there was a disposition upon the part of a few to quibble a little, and an effort made to reproduce the Charleston Convention, (in miniature,) yet the people took the matter in their own hands, and went straight forward and smoothly on with the business of the day. Those who contributed most to the preservation of harmony and good feeling in the meeting, were Peter L. Maxey, Esq., and Benj. Towles, who showed the necessity of harmony, and the ruinous consequences of discord and strife in our ranks. Altogether the Convention went off well.

The nominations were: Wm. Gardner, for County Judge; James H. Compton, for Circuit Clerk; James A. Dawson, for County Clerk; B. L. Kerr, for County Attorney; Wm. B. Craddock, for Sheriff; C. M. Dixon, for Surveyor; John C. Logsden, for Coroner; Wm. Knight, Sr., for Jailer. All good men and true.

After the business of the Convention was over, a rumor reached town that Champ Ferguson was in the vicinity, with his band of marauders. Whereupon a company immediately organized for the occasion, and nought but the contradiction of the report prevented them from starting in pursuit. But as the boys were together, it was determined to organize themselves into a permanent company, and procure arms from the Military Board, and be ready for these bands of thieves if they again infest our vicinity. The company took the oath, and unanimously elected the gallant Capt. Knight to command them, and have sent for arms.

SPHINX.

DARING BURGLARY.—The New York Herald of Monday contains the particulars of a daring burglary, which was perpetrated in that city on Saturday night. Mr. H. J. Wright, the agent of the New Haven Steamship Company, had locked up his safe and gone home, but had occasion to return, when he discovered a noise in the room where the safe was. Being satisfied something was wrong, he immediately called in three policemen, who traced the burglars to the top of the house and took them prisoners. They had bored a hole through the safe and abstracted near $4,000, in bills of from $1 to $100 on the banks of the city and State. The money was secreted in the lining of a bale of cotton, and was recovered. The prisoners' names were W. Burrows alias Dan Kelly, and James Nesbitt. The latter was a remarkably handsome young man, only 26 years of age. Burrows is an old offender.

Court of Appeals.

FRANKFORT, June 4, 1862.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Metz vs Commonwealth, Kenton; reversed.
Lockwood et al vs Lockwood, et al, Lawrence; reversed.
Waits et al vs Pond et al, Madison; reversed.
Fitch vs Crist et al, Meade; reversed.
Arnold vs Kloete, et al, Kenton; reversed.
Commonwealth vs Dillard et al, Nelson; affirmed.

ORDERS.

Doty vs January et al, Lewis; suspension of judgement, &c., removed.
Edwards vs Cobb, Green; appeal dismissed, failure to file record.
Robbins vs Winchester et al, Graves; same order.
Oldham vs Oldham, et al, Madison;
Gooch vs Barker, Madison;
Gooch vs Brooaldus et al, Madison;
Combs vs Maupin, Madison;
Brockman et al vs Brockman et al, Clarke; were submitted on briefs.
Todd's administrator vs Todd et al, Madison; argued by Burnam for appellant and submitted.

☞ Among the deaths in the Atlanta, Ga., hospitals, from the 25th of February to the 9th of May, the following are reported from Kentucky:

W. A. Bush, 6th; G. M. Calhoun, 4th; E. W. Anderson, 6th; B. C. Hall, 6th; J. E. Barnes, 5th; W. H. Walker, 5th; Wm. T. Roach, 3d; J. L. Ambrose, 5th; George Peach, 6th; H. J. Hodge, 4th; John Bradshaw, 5th; B. J. Collier, 5th (6th?); John A. Branch, 6th; J. E. Rice, 4th; S. D. Hancock, 4th; Edward Louisdon, —; J. C. Grissom, 6th; James C. Covington, 3d; J. J. Coker, 3d.

It should be stated that the above belonged to the rebel army.

☞ Hon. R. K. Williams, candidate for Appellate Judge, will address the people as follows:

Hawsville, Saturday, May 31st.
Hardinsburg, Monday, June 2d.
Litchfield, Wednesday, June 4th.
Brownsville, Friday, June 6th.
Bowlinggreen, Saturday, June 7th.
Morgantown, Monday, June 9th.
Greenville, Wednesday, June 11th.
Princeton, Friday, June 13th.
Eddyville, Saturday, June 14th.
Murray, Monday, June 16th.

When there is an intervening day, if the friends at the various places will make an appointment at some convenient place towards the next appointment for the day succeeding their's, it will be attended to. The friends at each place are requested to give publicity to their appointment.

may29 d&w

Election Notice—Fourth Ward.

An election will be held in the Fourth ward on Saturday, June 7th, 1862, to elect one person as Councilman to fill the unexpired term of E. A. Buckner, resigned.

The officers of election will call at the Clerk's office and procure poll books. Polls open 7 o'clock A. M. and close at 6 P. M.

J. M. DELPH, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, June 2, 1862. je4 dtd

Notice.

Persons finding or losing children are requested to report the same at the Police Office, corner of Sixth and Jefferson streets, where all information can be had.

je4 d6 J. M. DELPH, Mayor.

Local Notices.

POSTPONEMENT.—The raffle for a gold watch, and cotillion party, which was to have taken place Thursday evening, June 5th, is postponed. Due notice will be given through the press.

By order of the managers. D. LINCOLN.

THE EXPRESS SALOON.—O. F. Watts has opened a new saloon on Sixth street, between Main and Market, next door to the Adams Express Co.'s office, where he hopes to meet all his old friends, and many new ones. The bar will be supplied at all times with the best of liquors. He will open the saloon this (Thursday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

☞ Our old friend, Henry Monohan, has removed his stock of goods from Water street, between Third and Fourth streets, to Water, between Fourth and Bullitt streets, where he has on hand a well assorted stock of clothing and furnishing goods.

Mr. Thomas Flinn, his accomplished clerk, is always on hand to wait on customers.

☞ 1,000 kegs Wheeling nails;
30 hogsheads Porto Rico sugar;
100 barrels crushed, granulated and powdered sugar;
50 barrels St. James sugar house molasses;
100 coils grass, hemp, and cotton rope;
100 barrels, half barrels, and kits new mackerel;
100 half barrels white fish;
200 bags Rio coffee;
1000 pounds indigo, and 1 cask madder;
For sale at lowest market rates by

GLAZEBROOK, BRO. & CO.,
630 Main street.

STOVE AND GRATE VARNISH.—The season of the year for dispensing with the use of stoves and grates has arrived, and it is necessary to preserve them from rust. We have a beautiful black varnish for that purpose, generally known to the public.

je3 deod&weow RAYMOND & TYLER.

H. W. FOSDICK'S LOTTERY OFFICE, THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET.—Tickets for sale in the Shelby College Lottery, under the management of John A. Morris & Co. Also supplementary tickets in the Kentucky State Library Association Company, under the management of W. C. France & Co.

Tickets from $1 to $10. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention. Business strictly confidential.

For packages, single tickets, or shares, address]
H. W. FOSDICK,
je4 dim Louisville, Ky.

TELEGRAPHING.—In view of the increasing demand for telegraphic experts, M. W. Barr, Esq., proposes opening rooms where persons wishing to learn the art of telegraphing can have the use of instruments and the benefit of intelligent instruction. Under the system of practice which will be enforced in these rooms, not more than six weeks will be required to qualify a person of ordinary intelligence for any telegraphic position which may offer. The rooms and instruments will be ready in a few days. In the meantime parties interested can address Mr. Barr through the postoffice.

je1 dtf.

"UNION FEELING DOWN SOUTH."—It is a remarkable fact that since the advance of the Federal army down South, it has had the effect of bringing an immense number of orders to J. M. Armstrong—the great clothier on Main street, opposite the National. This is one of the best indications of returning sanity on the part of our Secesh friends. With one of Armstrong's suits on, it is hard to be anything but a loyal citizen.

WANTED.—For the balance of the year, a colored boy about twelve years of age. Also, a girl about fourteen. Enquire at this office.

THE LUCKY OFFICE.—J. H. Gamble has opened an office in the popular Shelby College and Kentucky State Library Association Lotteries, on Market street, north side, between Third and Fourth. Particular attention paid to correspondents. All business strictly confidential. Office open from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M. Tickets from 25 cents to $10. Prizes cashed on presentation.

my22 dtf

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—We buy and sell on commission all kinds of produce, and, from our knowledge and long experience in the business, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction. Shippers of cotton, tobacco, sugar, molasses, rice, turpentine, pork, lard, flour, &c., &c., that wish the benefit of the New York markets, can have their goods forwarded to responsible houses, and to such we will make LIBERAL cash advances here if required. All goods to be sold in this market will be sold on arrival, if possible, at the highest market price, and proceeds at once remitted.

Orders for purchasing goods, produce, &c., solicited. Articles for reshipment forwarded with dispatch at lowest rates. CLIFFORD & CO.,

General Forwarding and Commission Merch'ts,
No. 226 Main street.

SUTLERS, TAKE NOTICE.—There is one article to which we wish to call your particular attention, and of which you should never fail to keep a supply—that is "Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer," a long tried and most valuable remedy for many of the diseases and complaints to which the army is subject. No preparation of medicine is so popular and so often sought after by soldiers. It is a never-failing remedy for diarrheas, cramps, dysentary, chills and fever, rheumatism, slight wounds or bruises. Being used both internally and externally makes it the most convenient and useful medicine for the army extant. Sutlers, in purchasing, should not fail to lay in a good supply. The Major of a Nebraska regiment recently informed us that after the battle of Shiloh he rode through many regiments before he was able to purchase a bottle of Pain Killer, and then only at the exhorbitant price of $1 50 for one 25 cent bottle, so great was the demand. By keeping a good stock on hand, you will be able to sell at the regular prices, realize a handsome profit, and relieve a vast amount of suffering. It is sold at wholesale by Edw. Wilder, Wilson & Peler, J. S. Morris & Sons, R. A. Robinson & Co., Raymond & Tyler, Louisville; Hoover & Bryant, New Albany; W. A. Bell, Paducah; J. B. Humphreys & Co., Cairo; and by J. N. Harris & Co., proprietors, Cincinnati, Ohio. my29 d&w2m

☞ Now-a-days a gentleman who wants a silk hat wants a first-rate one. Low priced silk hats are, of course, made of low priced materials, and will soon get rusty and fade. Always see that the plush is heavy and of a rich black color. Green & Green make this sort.

☞ J. N. Collins sells the best of coal at his office, Third street, between Market and Jefferson. Give him your orders. dtf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

REFRIGERATORS AND ICE CHESTS,

ASSORTED STYLES AND SIZES,

For Sale at Low Prices at

McDONALD'S,

my11 dtnetf 49 Fourth st., bet. Main and River.

To Arms! To Arms!

The citizen soldier will find a more deadly foe in the brackish, muddy water, and damp night air than in the most determined enemy. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS so purify the blood and strengthen the stomach and bowels that the soldier can endure these hardships and still be strong and healthy. Only 25 cents per box.

je3 d&wl—250

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

Have been diligently employed in perfecting

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.

It is no wonder, then, that after

Careful Analysis by Dr. Chilton,

IT WAS PRONOUNCED HARMLESS,

And is now taking the place of all other Dyes. Those who have been disappointed with miserable imitations, are always pleased with the genuine. Any shade of black or brown, to suit all complexions, produced in ten minutes.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price $1, $1 50 and $2 per box, according to size.

my26 d&wlm No. 4.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Price 50 cents, $1, and $2 per bottle, according to size. fe26 d&w1y.

☞ Testimony of Rev. S. J. Browne, one of the old pioneers. "Prove all things; hold fast to that which is good."

CINCINNATI, Dec. 20, 1861.

DR. C. W. BOBACK—Dear Sir: I have been carrying out the above motto in proving the qualities and benefit of your "Stomach Bitters" for over six months, using them myself in my old age, and in many instances recommending them to others, and giving to persons who needed a pure invigorating Tonic Bitter, refreshing and strengthening to the system. I cheerfully indorse their goodness, and use them in preference to all others.

Very respectfully, S. J. BROWNE.

For sale at the Principal Office, No. 6 East Fourth street, and by Druggists everywhere. all dtf

Baby Buggies.

ALL KINDS AND SIZES, OF OUR OWN MANUfacture, for sale low at

my24 dtm J. SUE'S.

SERVANT WANTED,

TO DO ALL THE WORK FOR A SMALL FAMily. Hire to be reasonable. Apply at this office.

CANDIDATES' COLUMN.

AUGUST ELECTION.

MONDAY.....AUGUST 4, 1862.

For Jailer.

W. W. OWEN is a Democratic candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election, and wants no Abolition votes. my25 d&wte

We are authorized to announce BEN. F. SHIVELY as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. my16 d&wte

We are authorized to announce WM. K. THOMAS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mhll d&wte*

We are authorized to announce Dr. JOHN LOYD as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS SHANKS as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. a2 dte

We are authorized to announce COVINGTON ARTEBURN as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. my9 dte

We are authorized to announce ED. A. BUCKNER as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. my10 dte*

We are requested to announce CHARLES ROBARDS as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mh13 dte

We are authorized to announce B. P. LIGHTBURN as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. m dte

ROTATION IN OFFICE.

L. R. FIGG is a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county. He desires the office for only one term, and if elected will not run again for the office directly or indirectly, or be connected with the profits of the same. mh25 dte*

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

WM. J. ROBARDS is a candidate for the office of Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court, at the ensuing August election. a10 d&wte*

We are authorized to announce HENRY DENT as a candidate for the office of Marshal of the Chancery Court, at the ensuing August election. my6 dte*

THOMAS A. MORGAN is a candidate for the office Marshal of the Louisville Chancery Court, at the ensuing August election. mh29 dte*

For Circuit Court Judge.

T. T. ALEXANDER is a candidate for Judge in the Sixth Judicial District, at the ensuing August election. my10 d&wte

We are requested to announce Maj. FONTAIN T. FOX as a candidate for Judge, in the Sixth Judicial District, at the ensuing August election. all d&wte

We are authorized to announce the Hon. ASHER W. GRAHAM as a candidate for the Circuit Judgship of the Fourth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Hart, Metcalfe, Barren, Monroe, Allen, Warren, Edmondson, Butler, Simpson and Logan. a2 dte*

State Assessor for Jefferson County.

WM. H. WATTS is a candidate for the office of State Assessor for Jefferson County, including the city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. a10 nd&w te

ANTHONY WISER is a candidate for State Assessor in Jefferson county, including the city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. a15 dn&wte*

J. E. GAILBREATH is a candidate for the office of State Assessor for Jefferson county, including the city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. a2 d&wte*

We are authorized to announce JAS. D. GILMAN as a candidate for State Assessor for Jefferson County, including the city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. m14 dte

For Commonwealth's Attorney.

W. B. HOKE is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the Seventh Judicial District. my17d&wte

J. R. DUPUY, of Shelby county, is a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, in the 7th Judicial District, composed of Jefferson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer and Bullitt counties. my1 d&wte*

We are authorized to announce E. S. CRAIG as a candidate for re-election to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney. my14 dte*

WM. J. LUSK, of Garrard, is a candidate for the office of Attorney, in that District, at the ensuing August election. my26 dte*

VAN B. YOUNG is a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, in the Eleventh Judicial District. mh13

TO THE VOTERS OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT: I take this method of announcing myself a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney, for this District. It is scarcely necessary for me to say, that I am for the Union, Constitution and the enforcement of the laws, for I presume that the people of this District are apprised of the course I have pursued in sustaining the Government of the United States. As for my qualifications for this office, I refer you to Judge James Stuart, now Judge of this District, and Judge Jesse Kinchloe, of Hardinsburg, Kentucky.

a27 d&wte* J. J. HARRISON.

For Judge of Jefferson County Court.

We are authorized to announce ANDREW MONROE as a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Jefferson County Court. a15 dn&wte*

JAMES HARRISON is a candidate for Judge of the Jefferson County Court. a15 dte*

For Clerk of County Court.

Dr. MATT PYLES is a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing August election. my17 d&wte*

T. JACK CONN is a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing August election. as d&wte*

We are authorized to announce WM. L. KELLY as a candidate at the ensuing August election for Clerk of the Jefferson County Court. my20 dte

CHARLES M. THRUSTON is a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing August election. my13

Capt. W. S. D. MEGOWAN is a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing August election. a20 dte

ROBERT J. ELLIOTT is a candidate for the office of Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. a10 dte*

We are authorized to announce SHELBY TODD as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Shelby Circuit Court. my24 dte*

For Circuit Court Clerk.

JAMES P. CHAMBERS is a candidate for Circuit Court Clerkship, at the ensuing August election. my11 d&wte*

For Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

WILL R. HERVEY is a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court, at the ensuing August election. my13 d&wte

For Clerk of Bullitt Circuit and County Courts.

We are authorized to announce CH. R. SAMUELS as a candidate for Clerk of the Bullitt Circuit and County Courts. my1 d&wte*

For Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court.

We are authorized to announce the Hon. HENRY PIRTLE as a candidate for Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court, at the August election. my9 dte

For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce J. W. DAVIS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. je3 d&wte

For Surveyor.

We are authorized to announce R. M. HARNEY as a candidate for the office of Surveyor of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. [je3 d&wte

For Coroner.

We are authorized to announce JOHN CAIN as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. a26 dte*

Clerk of City Court.

PHIL. TOMPPERT, Jr., is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the ensuing August election. mh23 dte*

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS
OF THE
KENTUCKY STATE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION CO.
W. C. FRANCE & CO., Managers.
(Successors to R. France & Co.)

DRAWN AT LOUISVILLE, KY., JUNE 4, 1862.

CLASS 111.
59 21 10 25 26 40 61 -2 48 -6 -9 63

CLASS 112.
56 53 28 64 29 61 39 -7 42 32 -5 21 74

☞ All orders promptly attended to and Circulars sent. Address
W. C. FRANCE & CO., Managers,
305 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

WEST BADEN SPRINGS,
Orange County, Indiana,

WILL BE OPEN FOR THE SEASON AT THE following low rates: One dollar per day; five dollars per week; children and servants half price. Horses two dollars per week. For further particulars address Dr. J. A. LANE,
je5 dtnsm West Baden Springs, Ind.

ALE! ALE! ALE!

SMITH'S WHEELING, VIRGINIA, X, XX AND XXX KENNET ALE, in half barrels and bottles, for sale at the Kentucky Mall House, formerly Metcalfe's Brewery. JOHN ENGEL,
je5 Agent.

PROPOSALS

WILL BE RECEIVED TILL FRIDAY, JUNE 6, at 12 o'clock M., for 250 CAVALRY HORSES. They must be at least fifteen hands high, from 5 to 8 years old, of dark colors; no mares will be received. Horses subject to Government inspection. The same to be delivered by the 11th of June, at Louisville, Ky.

W. M. D. EARNEST,
Lt. and A. A. Q. M.
je4 d2

OFFICE OF THE UNION INSURANCE CO., Louisville, June 4, 1862.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF this Company, will be held at the office of the Company, on THURSDAY, JUNE 5, at 10 o'clock A. M., to elect five Directors, to serve in said Company for the ensuing year.

je5 dl ROBT. ATWOOD, Secretary.

NOTICE.

ON THE 29TH DAY OF MAY, 1862, A NEGRO MAN calling himself JACK, was committed to the Jefferson county jail as a runaway slave. He is about 30 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high, weighing 150 pounds, dark brown skin, light goatee and moustache, slim visage, high forehead and bald headed, short legs and long body, stout and heavy set, and speaks intelligently. Says he belong to James Wood, of Stewart county, Tenn., near Dover.

The owner can come forward, prove property and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

je5 d&wtf W. K. THOMAS, J. J. C.

NOTICE.

ON THE 29TH DAY OF MAY, 1862, A NEGRO MAN calling himself HENRY MITCHELL, was committed to the Jefferson county jail as a runaway slave. He is about 19 years old, black color, 5 feet 9½ inches high, weighing 150 pounds, smooth skin, no beard, high forehead, very short hair, long arms, has a boyish appearance. Says he is free, and was raised near Crawfordsville, Indiana.

The owner can come forward, prove property and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

je5 d3&wtf W. K. THOMAS, J. J. C.

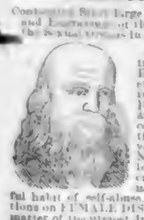
100 BARRELS EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR;
50 BARRELS EXTRA FLOUR;
40 B

MEDICAL.

Galen's Head Dispensary,
AND VENEREAL INFIRMARY,
Chartered by the Legislature of Ky.
For the Cure of all Private Diseases.

JUST PUBLISHED—PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS,
A MEDICAL REPORT,

Containing Sixty Large Pages, and Thirty Fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease,



ON A NEW METHOD OF treating VENEREAL DISEASES, including Syphilis in all its stages; Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and Hydrocele, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder &c., WITHOUT MERCURY; containing a valuable treatise on that wide-spread malady of youth, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, Nocturnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Impotency, &c., the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from the baneful habit of self-abuse. To which is added observations on FEMALE DISEASES, and other interesting matter of the utmost importance to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical ability to enter that state. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper, on receipt of Ten Cents or Ten Stamps.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this work.

We devote our entire time and attention to the treatment of the various private diseases treated of in our Report. Our Dispensary is the only Institution of the kind in America which has been established by a special charter, and this fact should give it a preference over the various quacks of doubtful character to be found in all large cities.

TO FEMALES—Special attention given to all disease of Females. Also for sale

DR. DEWEES REGULATOR PILLS—For Female Obstructions, Irregularities, &c. Married ladies in certain situations should not use them, as they would cause MISCARRIAGE. Price $1 per box, and may be sent by mail.

DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable article for those wishing to limit the number of their offspring, the future welfare of children warrants us to effect cures in those where others of less experience have failed.

Special attention given to the treatment of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness and all those distressing symptoms caused by a secret habit of youth, which ruins the body and mind, unfitting the sufferer for either business or society. Some of the effects of these evil habits are, dimness of the head, dizziness of sight, palpitation of the heart, weakness of the back and limbs, nervousness, dyspepsia, symptoms of Upon the mind they produce loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, self forebodings, aversion to society, self-distrust, timidity, &c.

Our remedies present and cure Nocturnal Emissions, give tone to the nerves, strength to the system, and cheerfulness to the mind.

Married men, or those contemplating marriage, who are suffering from any of the above fearful maladies, can obtain permanent and speedy relief by an early application at our office.

TO THE LADIES.

Dr. H. suggest for Dr RATIER'S FRENCH PERIODICAL PILLS—a safe and certain remedy for Menstrual Irregularities, Obstructions, &c. Price per mail $1 and one postage stamp.

CAUTION—These Pills should not be used during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

The above remedies sent by mail to any address.

Patients at a distance can consult us by letter, postage stamp inclosed.

Office No. 310 Jefferson street, between First and Second. All letters should be addressed

L. HALL, M. D.,
Medical Infirmary, Louisville, Ky.

au6 d&w

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.

DR JOHN HARVEY, HAVING FOR UPWARDS of twenty years devoted his professional time exclusively to the treatment of Female Difficulties, and having succeeded in thousands of cases in restoring the afflicted to perfect health, has the entire confidence in offering publicly his

"GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY,"
DR. HARVEY'S
Chrono-Thermal Female Pills,

Which have never yet failed when the directions have been strictly followed in removing difficulties arising from

OBSTRUCTION OR STOPPAGE OF NATURE,

Or in restoring the system to perfect health, when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites or other weaknesses of the Uterine Organs. Also in all cases of Debility or Nervous Prostrations, Hysterics, Palpitations, &c., &c., which are the forerunners of many serious diseases.

☞ These Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress; at the same time they act like a charm by strengthening and invigorating, and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what cause the obstructions may arise. They should, however, not be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as they would be the result.

Full and explicit Directions accompany each Box. PRICE ONE DOLLAR, and when sent by mail, TWO DOLLARS, for which the Pills will be sent by mail prepaid, by

J. BRYAN, General Agent,
Rochester, N. Y.

Or may be purchased from Agents. Sold by Druggists generally.

RAYMOND & TYLER,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
Louisville, Ky.

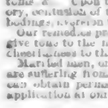
F. H. GIBSON,
Apothecary,
Capitol Drug Store, opp. Postoffice,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Pure and Fresh Medicines, Chemicals, Drugs, &c.;
Choice Toilet and Fancy Articles;
Fine and Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, &c.;
Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

mh15 dly

MANHOOD:
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents



A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M.D. Author of the "Green Book," &c., &c.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York, Post-office Box 4586. au1 d&wbmls

Read! Read! Read!
DR. FELL,

BOTANIC, OR ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN, HAS permanently located on Jefferson street, between Sixth and Seventh, where he invites all that are afflicted with disease and every disease, yielding himself to cure. He has been very successful in chronic cases which have resisted all but the Eclectic practice can cure. He cures in stuttering and stammering cases. His wife will attend to the Female Department, as she has had a practice if wished, being as well qualified as study and practice can make her; and has for years been very successful. She has a sure remedy for that long-lingering disease, Falling of the Womb. And in Midwifery she excels. Invalids living at a distance can be cured at home by sending a description of their disease, and inclosing a stamp. Medicines always on hand. Consultation and advice gratis. Office hours from 9 A. M., to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M. my8 dlm

STEAMBOATS.

For Cairo, Hickman, Columbus, Paducah, Evansville and all way Landings.

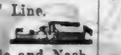
REGULAR TUESDAY U. S. MAIL PACKET.

The elegant light draught sidewheel steamer
COMMERCIAL, Archer, Master, Lon. Beeler and Jim. Green, Clerks, will leave as above every Tuesday evening, connecting at Cairo with packets for St. Louis, and at Smithland and Paducah with boats for Cumberland and Tennessee rivers.

MOORHEAD & CO.,
T. M. ERWIN,
Agents.

jeb dtf

Patronize as a matter of interest the Planters' and Merchants' Line.



Regular Louisville, Clarksville and Nashville Passenger and Freight Packets.

THIS LINE IS COMPOSED OF THE FOLLOWING first-class steamers:

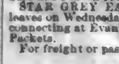
C. E. HILLMAN, Capt. J. N. Corbett.
B. M. RUNYAN, Capt. W. Simms.

One of these large and splendid sidewheel, light draught, fast running passenger packets leaves Louisville for Clarksville, Nashville and all landings on the Cumberland and Ohio rivers every week, punctually, making each of them regular ten day trips to and from each port. The patronage of the shipping and traveling community is very respectfully solicited for these steamboats, as they are owned by responsible and reliable parties and commanded by experienced officers, who will endeavor to give entire satisfaction to passengers and shippers of freights. For any further information apply on board, or to

N. S. LONG, Agent.
At U. S. Commissary's Office, Main st.

my6 dtf

REGULAR U. S. MAIL LINE,
For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson
Every Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.



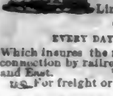
The splendid steamer
BIG GREY EAGLE, Capt. Donnally, leaves for the above and way points on every Monday and Friday at 5 P. M.

STAR GREY EAGLE, Capt. Hutsinpiller, leaves every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

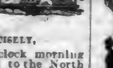
For freight or passage apply on board or to
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,
No. 50 Fourth street.

ja24 dtf

1862. 1862.
REGULAR U. S. MAIL



PACKETS.



For Owensboro', Evansville, Henderson, and all intermediate landings.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER BIG GREY EAGLE, A. Donnally, Master, leaves on Mondays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M.

STAR GREY EAGLE, John Hutsinpiller, Master, leaves on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting at Evansville with the Paducah and Cairo Packets.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
T. M. ERWIN, or
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents,
Wall street.

ja21 dtf

☞CHANGE OF TIME!☜
CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers.

The Steamers of this
Line will leave for
CINCINNATI

EVERY DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,

Which insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning connection by railroad from Cincinnati to the North and East.

☞ For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
OFFICE—Mail Line Wharfboat, foot Third st. au26

Great Summer Opening!
AT
S. BARKER & CO.'S
317 Fourth Street,
LOUISVILLE.

On Monday, June 2d,

S. BARKER & CO.,
WILL OFFER

8000 yards Barege Anglais at 6¼ cents;
10,000 yards Lavella Cloths at 8½ cents;
6,000 yards Gray Poplinetts at 12½ cents.

ORGANDIES.

Real Paris qualities and Printings at 25, 35, and 50 cents.

JACONETS.

Real Paris Printings at 25 cents, choice styles and fine Cloths.

LAWNS.

All new patterns, fast colors and fine Cloths at 12½ and 15 cents.

Together with a general assortment of SUMMER DRESS GOODS, which, for quantity, variety, and cheapness, was never equaled in this city.

$30,000
WORTH OF DOMESTICS,

By the yard, piece, or case, at

EQUALLY LOW PRICES.

MANTLES.

Fresh arrival of REAL THREAD LACE MANTLES, BORNOURS, POINTS, in great variety.

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.

A large stock on hand and for sale at the lowest possible prices.

S. Barker & Co.

jel 45

LOUISVILLE DENTAL DEPOT!
—AND—
Family Drug and Prescription Store.
H. F. HARTMAN, Prop'r,

No. 128 Mozart Building, N. E. cor. Fourth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky.

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS; a large assortment of

DENTAL MATERIALS, IMPROVED TRUSSES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, COMBS, BRUSHES, &C.

☞ Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. mh15

India Rubber Goods.

300 GUM BLANKETS, ASSORTED:
200 Gum Blankets, woolen lined,
12 dozen Pouches and Coats;
12 do Leggins;
4 do Enameled Mattresses;
12 do Haversacks.

Camp Stools, Cots, &c.

100 dozen Stools, assorted quality;
5 do Arm Chairs;
5 do Folding Cots;
2 do Mess Chests;

Manufactured and for sale wholesale and retail low by
H. W. WILKES, Jr., No. 70 Fourth street,
je22 dtf Next door to National Hotel.

O. VERHOEFF. J. H. GRIFFITH.

VERHOEFF & GRIFFITH,
Produce and General
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

312 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

CONSIGNMENTS OF FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY, Provisions, Potatoes, Hides, Dried Fruit, &c., will receive our best attention. Orders for Produce or Merchandise, promptly filled on the best terms.

REFERENCES.—G. W. Rathbone, Esq., Pres. Bank of the State of Indiana; Marshall Halbert & Co., and W. S. Davis, Esq., Louisville, Ky. my25

L. JEFFERSON,

DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY,

Corner of Seventh and Market streets,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

HAS NOW IN STORE A COMPLETE STOCK OF DRUGS, CHEMICALS, FAMILY MEDICINES, &c., to which he would call the attention of the public. His stock of Perfumery and Fancy Goods is also well assorted, embracing a variety of articles of the newest and most approved styles. jel do

FOR RENT.

THE DWELLING HOUSE NOW OCCUPIED BY me, on the south side of Market street, between First and Brook. Rent low to a good tenant.

T. L. JEFFERSON.

jel d6

STRAW HATS.—A FRESH STOCK OF MEN'S and Boys' Straw Hats, very low for cash, at
my31 PRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main st.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.
CORNER OF FOURTH AND GREEN STREETS.

J. M. DAWSON.....Stage Manager.
THOS. J. CAREY.....Treasurer.

☞ Third night of the second engagement this season of the beautiful and accomplished artiste, Miss DORA SHAW.

ON THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 5TH, 1862, WILL be presented Kotzebue's royal tragic play entitled THE STRANGER—Mrs. Heller, Miss SHAW. To conclude with the laughable farce of THE SPECTRE BRIDEGROOM.

☞ Private Boxes $5. Dress Circle and Parquette 50c.
☞ Family Circle 25c. Gallery 10c.
☞ Doors open ½ to 7 and Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.
☞ For particulars, see small bills. jel

ANTONIO BROTHERS'
GREAT WORLD
CIRCUS!
AND GYMNASIUM.
THE STAR SHOW OF 1862.

This Company is selected from the best performers of the age. Prominent among the features of this establishment will be found

E. W. PERRY,
The greatest American Rider. The unanimous voice of the press and public throghout the civilized world has proclaimed him the "Equestrian Wonder."

LA BELLE JEANETTE,
The Beautiful and Fascinating Equestrienne, the best female rider in the world.

MES. E. W. PERRY,
The Queen of the Arena and Maitress da Cheval.

SILAS BALDWIN,
The wonderful Japanese Juggler, Balancer and Knife Thrower.

ASHTON & DONAVAN,
In their thrilling and beautiful acts of Groupings, La Trapeze, L'Echelle Perilleuse, etc.

JAMES HANKINS,
The Dramatic Scenic Rider.

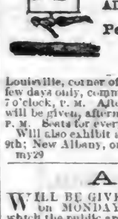
BOB SMITH,
The Byronic Clown.

ANTONIO BROTHERS,
Acrobats and Gymnasts.

MASTER THOMAS PERRY,
The daring Hurdle Rider.

MIGASI BALLET TROUPE,
In their Character Dances.

MASTER CERITO,
Grotesque Gymnast and Tumbler.



MOTLEY BROTHERS,
In their pleasing act of the Two Comiques.

"AMERICAN EAGLE,"
The Performing War Horse, introduced by A. Antonio.

W. SCHLECHT'S SILVER CORNET, REED AND STRING BAND will execute at each exhibition.

The night performances will conclude with the startling and terrific act entitled the

FIRE KING
In which G. ANTONIO will appear on the Corde Volante, enveloped in a VOLCANO OF FIRE.

ADMISSION—Boxes, 50c.; Pit, 25c.

Performance Every Day at 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Louisville, corner of East and Walnut streets, for a few days only, commencing on TUESDAY, June 3, at 7 o'clock, P. M. After Tuesday, regular performances will be given, afternoon and night, at 2 and 7 o'clock P. M. Seats for everybody.

Will also exhibit at Jeffersonville, on Monday, June 9th; New Albany, on Friday, June 13th.

my29 R. S. DINGESS, Agent.

A BALL

WILL BE GIVEN AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL on MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 9, 1862, to which the public are invited.

☞ TICKETS ONE DOLLAR, to be had at the door.

JOSEPH STEUERLE,
MICH. METZ.

je3 d6*

STRUBE'S
Garden.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM MY NUmerous friends and the pleasure seeking public in general, that I am fitting up the above Garden in an unsurpassed manner for the convenience of those who would get out of the dust and din of the city.

Strube's Garden is about 1½ miles from the Courthouse, on the Fifth street road. I am now putting up two modern built alleys, with all other amusements to be found in a first class Garden. Perfect order will always be observed and a competent police will always be on the grounds to insure those seeking real amusement in peace and quietness.

I will be open ready for the reception of the public on

Sunday, May 4th, 1862,

With music by the Louisville Silver Band. All may be assured that everything will be conducted in the best style.

☞ An Omnibus will leave the corner of Fourth and Main streets every half hour.

my30 CHRIST. HAUPT, Proprietor.

PUBLIC SALES.

THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALE
—BY—
THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 3d, 4th and 5th, 1862,

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

Special and Positive Sale by the Package, of Boots, Shoes and Brogans, Palm Leaf Hats, Caps, &c., &c.

ON THURSDAY, June 5th, at 10 A. M., a large stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of full lines of Dress Goods, White Goods, Negro Blkds, Stripes, Checks and Cottonades, Cassimeres, Jeans, Satinets, fine Mitts, Hoop Skirts, Silk and Linen Hdkfs, Hosiery, Small Wares, &c.

At 12 M., precisely, 300 lots extra fashionable Ready-Made Clothing, just received, embracing fine black Cloth Frocks, Linen Dusters, black and colored Cassimere Pants, fine Silk and Marseilles Vests, &c., &c.

At 2 P. M., precisely, 100 cases extra quality Boots and Shoes, adapted to city trade. Also, 20 cases Straw and Silk Hats, Caps, &c.

Terms cash—bankable funds.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
je1 Auctioneers.

Condemned Horses and Mules at Auction.

WILL BE SOLD, ON THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE, at 11 o'clock, at the Oakland Race Course, at the Government Stables—

One Hundred and Fifty Mules; Seventy Horses;

Condemned as unfit for United States service. Terms cash in Treasury or Kentucky Bank notes, and the property to be removed the same day at risk of owner. The sale will be continued from day to day until all the horses and mules are disposed of.

W. D. EARNEST, Lt. and A. A. Q. M.
S. G. HENRY, Auctioneer. my29 d&ntd

DUPONT'S AND HAZARD'S
GUNPOWDER.

WE HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF DUPONT'S and HAZARD'S RIFLE and BLASTING POWDER, which we continue to sell at the lowest market rates.

The reputation and well-known superiority of our Powder prohibits the necessity of our giving it to parties to obtain their certificates.

We guarantee all the Powder we sell to be SUPERIOR to any other brands manufactured in the United States.

OFFICE OF CITY POWDER MAGAZINE,
No. 477 MAIN STREET.
se10 dtsf A. V. DUPONT & CO.

REMOVAL.
Brandeis & Crawford,
GRAIN DEALERS,

HAVE REMOVED TO THE NEW WAREHOUSE on the southwest corner of Main and First streets. We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Grain, delivered at our store or any good shipping point on the Ohio River.

de22 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

BOOTS AND SHOES
SUTCLIFFE, OWEN & WOOD,

ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FRESH ADDItions to their already extensive stock.

BUYERS, GIVE THEM A CALL.

a30 dtf

PASTURAGE

FOR 150 HEAD OF HORSES AND MULES, ON bluegrass and clover. Apply to

W. M. J. ANDERSON,
je3 d6 Main st., bet. Eighth and Ninth.

SUNDRIES—
50 casks bicarb Soda;
10 bbls Roll Brimstone;
10 bbls Alnum;
25 boxes Extract Logwood;
1 cask Dutch Madder;
1000 lbs Madras Indigo;
20 bags Pepper; for sale by

my29 WELLER & PARKER, 316 Main st.

SNUFF—
50 boxes Garrett's Pack Snuff;
10 do do Bottled Snuff;

Just received and for sale by

je1 GARDNER & CO.

MEAL.—100 BAGS CORN MEAL JUST RECEIVED and for sale by

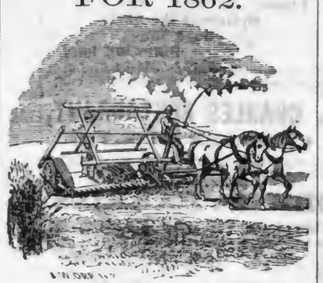
je1 T. L. JEFFERSON.

SOFT FELT HATS—WHITE, BLACK, BROWN, and pearl colors, all qualities, just received at
my31 PRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main st.

HATS AT WHOLESALE.—20 CASES ASSORTED qualities and colors, just received and for sale low for cash at
my31 PRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main st.

AGRICULTURAL.

BUCKEYE
FOR 1862.



REAPER AT WORK.

We have been selling the
BUCKEYE MACHINE

For the last four years, and not one among the great numbers sold has failed to give the most complete satisfaction.

PREMIUMS.

It took the first premium as a Reaper Mower, and Combined Machine (three first premiums), at the Kentucky State Fair in 1860, over the Kentuckey Harvester, McCormick's and Ball's Machines.

CASH PRICE.

Reaper and Mower	$140 00
Mower, large size	115 00
Mower, small size	90 00

☞ Pamphlets giving full discriptions furnished on application.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.

my13 d&w

Harvesting Machines.

EIGHT HORSE SEPARATORS AND CLEANERS,
FOUR HORSE THRESHERS AND POWERS,
TWO HORSE THRESHERS AND POWERS,
TWO HORSE RAILROAD THRESHERS AND POWERS,
ONE HORSE RAILROAD THRESHERS AND POWERS,
HORSE HAY RAKES,
CUTTING BOXES, various kinds,
CORN SHELLERS, " "
PLOWS, all sizes and kinds,
CULTIVATORS,
HARROWS,
FAN MILLS, &c. &c.

We call particular attention to our Eight Horse Separator and Cleaner, which is considered by far the best Machine ever offered for sale in this market.

my30 d&wtf PITKIN, WIARD & CO.

SEEDS!
Hungarian. Millet.
Buckwheat.

And a general assortment of all kinds of Grass and Field Seeds, suitable for this climate, which we warrant fresh and genuine.

☞ Catalogues giving prices and description of everything, furnished gratis on application to

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.
my30 d&wtf

NEW SEED STORE.
MUNN & CO.,
217 Main street, between Second and Third,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

HARVESTING MACHINES.—NEW YORK COMbined Reaper and Mower, McCormick's Combined Reaper and Mower, Kentucky Harvesters, Patch's Reaper, Patch's Mower, Kentucky Clipper Mower, Threshers and Cleaners of various kinds.

We can furnish any of the above Machines, and will order extras for the New York Reaper. We also have a good stock of Hay Forks, Scythes, Sneathes, Cradles, &c., on hand and will sell low for cash.

N. B. We will trade any implements of our own manufacture for a few thousand bushels of Blue Grass and Orchard Grass Seeds.

je4 MUNN & CO.

SEEDS.
Hungarian Grass Seed—Millet Seed.

BOTH OF THE ABOVE ARE HEAVY PRODUCing annuals, and preferred by stock to Timothy Hay, and can be sown any time in the next sixty days. It deserves the peculiar attention of Farmers at this time.

Reapers,	Krauser Cider Mills,
Mowers,	Wheat Fans,
Threshers,	Cummin Straw Cutters,
Hay Rakes,	Sanford Straw Cutters,
Cultivators,	Plows,

And any and all Implements or Seeds needed on a farm, in store and for sale at low prices for cash by

KEARSLEY CARTER,
Successor to Carter & Buchanan,
414 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

Attention, Farmers.

I WILL EXCHANGE IMPLEMENTS FOR A FEW thousand bushels of prime Orchard Grass Seed at lowest cash prices.

my15 d&wlsim KEARSLEY CARTER.

WOOD'S MOWERS.

WOOD'S MOWERS.

WOOD'S MOWERS.

FOR SALE AT FACTORY PRICES BY
KEARSLEY CARTER,
Successor to Carter & Buchanan,
414 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

Pumpkin Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS PRIME INDIANA GROWN Pumpkin Seed in store and for sale by

KEARSLEY CARTER,
Successor to Carter & Buchanan,
my18 d&wlsif 414 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

J. D. BONDURANT

HAS REMOVED HIS

SEED & AGRIGULTURAL WAREHOUSE,

TO

410 Main st., near Fourth, north side.

mh16 dtf

WM. B. WILSON,
SUCCESSOR TO G. W. BASHAW.

GRASS SEEDS!

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS, ORCHARD GRASS, Herd Grass, Clover, Timothy, Hungarian, Millet, &c., &c. Also, all kinds of

Garden Seeds,

Horse-powers, Threshers, Plows of all the late improved patterns, Grinding Mills, and all kinds of Farm Implements. Also, White Sand, Cement, Lime, Calcine Plaster, Land Plaster, &c., &c.

A large assortment of the above articles in store and will be sold at low prices at

WM. B. WILSON'S,
se17 d&w 222 West Main street, south side.

S. B. McGILL,

No. 50 Green street, bet. Third and Fourth,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN AND IMPORTER OF

HAVANA CIGARS & VA. TOBACCO

OFFERS FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT PURchasers—

300,000 Havana & Domestic Cigars,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. ALSO

A large lot of choice brands CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO. Also, a large assortment of

Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, Tobacco Boxes, &c.,

fel5 Kept constantly on hand.

Saddlery.
JAMES TREASY.

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Collars, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

fe19 Manufactory cor. Sixth & Market, Louisville. [dtf

TELEGRAPHIC.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM CORINTH.

General Pope Captures Ten Thousand Prisoners.

Fifteen Thousand Stand of Arms.

Beauregard Gives up the Contest.

Tells the Men to Save Themselves.

Sixteen Hundred Prisoners Released---More to Come.

Latest from the Shenandoah---Jackson Escapes to New Market.

WASHINGTON, June 4.

The following was received this afternoon at the War Department:

HALLECK'S HEADQUARTERS, June 4.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Gen. Pope, with 40,000 men, is 30 miles south of Florence, pursuing the enemy hard. He already reports 10,000 prisoners and deserters from the enemy, and 15,000 stand of arms captured. Thousands of the enemy are throwing away their arms.

A farmer says that when Beauregard learned that Col. Elliot had cut the railroad on his line of retreat, he became frantic, and told his men to save themselves the best way they could.

We captured nine locomotives and a number of cars. One of the former is already repaired and is running to-day. Several more will be in running order in a few days.

The result is all that I could possibly desire.

Signed, H. W. HALLECK,
Major General Commanding.

WASHINGTON, June 4.

General Burnside has sent to the Secretary of War a list of the released soldiers forwarded to New York in the steamer Virginia. This is the second detachment of prisoners released by order of Gen. Holmes, and the third will follow in the steamer Guide in a few days at the latest.

Gen. Bates having given his opinion that court martials in cases within their jurisdiction may condemn prisoners to imprisonment with hard labor in the penitentiary in the District of Columbia, in punishment for crime, is too well settled to be now an open question. The Secretary of the Interior has asked him to review his opinion. He is the more inclined to believe that it never was the intention of Congress that the volunteer soldiers should, for any act made criminal by the military, be subject, against their will, to the ignominious punishment of imprisonment in the penitentiary, against which the feelings of every spirited man must revolt.

NASHVILLE, June 4.

The train from Columbia brought here this evening 1,600 Federal prisoners of Gen. Prentiss' division, who were taken at Pittsburg Landing. They come from Macon, Tuscaloosa and Montgomery, and were paroled in consequence of the rebels being unable to feed them. They report universal discontent among the rebel soldiers, who are anxious to go home. The privates say that they are whipped out.

Four hundred more paroled prisoners will arrive here to-morrow.

A dispatch to Governor Johnson, from Gen. Negley, of yesterday, says that Wynkoop's cavalry made a dash into Winchester, and scattered Storm's rebel cavalry in all directions. Our men are chasing them over the country.

The speech of ex-Governor Brown is exerting a powerful influence over hundreds who have been led into Secession.

WASHINGTON, June 4.

The act to prevent and punish frauds on the part of officers intrusted with making contracts with the Government, which has just been approved by the President, establishes an office in which all contracts are to be filed for public inspection. All officers making contracts are repuired to swear that they conclude the same without any benefit or advantage to themselves, or to any other persons. The penalty for the violation of the law is a fine of not less than one nor more than five hundred dollars, and imprisonment of not more than six months.

An official report from the Secretary of the Treasury states the public debt, on the 25th of May, at $491,445,984, at an average rate of interest of 4 35-100 per cent.

The Sub Committee of Ways and Means have had a draft of the new tariff bill printed for the private use of that committee.

CHICAGO, May 4.

Specials from Cairo state that immediately on the occupation of Corinth, forces from Pope's division were sent out in pursuit of such rebels as fled westward. Gen. Grainger, in command of two regiments of cavalry, soon came in rear of the enemy, six miles southwest of Corinth, and engaged them in fight, and was afterwards largely reinforced, when the rebels surrendered. It is said 5,000 or 10,000 were captured. A portion of them have reached Pittsburg Landing, *en route* for northern military prisons. At last accounts Gen. Pope was nine miles southwest of Corinth, which point his whole corps had reached.

MARTINSBURG, June 4.

Reliable statements from Strasburg say that Jackson's whole force, with his train and prisoners, succeeded in passing through towards New Market. The firing of Monday was an attack of Gen. Milroy on Jackson's rear guard, at Fisher's Hill, a strong strategic point a mile and a half south of Strasburg. From the best information attainable, the enemy held his ground, and resumed his retreat during the night. It is reported that Jackson's advance guard was at New Market on Monday night. Gens. Smith and Longstreet were in the valley with 15,000 men, but their exact position was unknown.

BOSTON, June 4.

A private dispatch says that the steamer Daniel Webster left White House last night with 242 wounded New England soldiers, including Brigadier General Devens and Col. Briggs, of Boston.

MADISON, WIS., June 4.

The Supreme Court of this State has reversed its former decision on the tax laws, in which they declared the taxes levied in 1858 and 1859 illegal, on account of exemption of railroads.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.

The steamer Muldin arrived at 1 o'clock this morning from James river, having on board 400 wounded Pennsylvania soldiers from the late battle on the Chickahominy.

NEW YORK, June 4.

The City of New York arrived at five o'clock. News anticipated.

XXXVIIth Congress---1st Session.

WASHINGTON, June 4.

SENATE.

Mr. Wilson offered a resolution allowing a premium of two dollars to every recruit, and a month's pay in advance to every volunteer. Passed.

A joint resolution was passed suspending all payments in the Department of the West.

The tax bill was taken up, and a discussion ensued on taxing cotton.

The question being on concurring in the amendment striking out the tax on cotton, Mr. Wilson, of Mass., earnestly opposed any tax on cotton as unjust to the great manufacturing interests of the country. The burden would chiefly fall on the industrious interests of New England, which the proscribed bill already became a burden, paying at least four dollars to one as compared with the great agricultural districts of the West. Many of the cotton mills were closed already and a heavy tax on cotton would tend to close them all and throw the operations out of employment.

Mr. Chandler contended that it was fit and proper that a tax should be put on cotton. That was the great source of the rebellion, and had been claimed as King, and now we have got his Majesty down, we should keep our foot on him. He claimed that the people of the West, especially Michigan, had a full proportion, and would pay cheerfully. This tax on cotton would also be a burden on France and England, who had been inimical to the United States in the present contest.

The discussion was continued at length by Messrs. Sherman, Clark, Simmons, Howe, and others.

Mr. Sherman moved to reconsider the vote which rejected Mr. Anthony's amendment yesterday to lay a tax of ½ cent per pound on cotton. Adopted.

The question then recurring on the amendment making a tax on cotton of ½ cent per pound, it was adopted; yeas, 30; nays, 19.

Mr. Sumner moved to reduce the tax on the receipts of insurance companies from 3 to 1 per cent.

Mr. Dixon spoke at length in favor of the reduction.

After a long discussion the amendment was rejected, 16 to 20.

Mr. Fessenden offered an amendment, making the tax on marine insurance companies ½ of one per cent. on the receipts. Rejected.

Mr. Collamer offered an amendment excepting mutual insurance companies. Adopted.

Mr. Foster moved to reconsider the vote rejecting the amendment to reduce the tax on insurance companies to 1 per cent. The vote was reconsidered, yeas 20, nays 16, and the amendment reducing the tax to 1 per cent. was adopted.

Mr. Bayard moved to insert an amendment to tax gold and silver plate, not over $50 in value, 3 per cent., and billiard tables $30 each. Rejected, 18 to 20.

At half past 7 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Speaker announced the business of the House to be the motion of Mr. Porter to reconsider the vote by which was rejected the bill to free from servitude the slaves of those in rebellion against the United States.

Mr. Porter advocated his motion.

Mr. Porter's motion to reconsider was adopted. He then offered a substitute and moved that it be put on its passage.

Mr. Killinger objected. It was recommitted to the Select Committee, with instructions to report Mr. Porter's substitute.

Mr. Diven offered an amendment which, with the substitute, was ordered to be printed. The bill reported from the Judiciary Committee, declaring office holders under the rebel government ineligible to office in the United States, was passed. The House then adjourned.

SIGNIFICANT FROM N. C.—The New York Times well says that the anti-secession movements in North Carolina are sufficiently encouraging, even if some of the reports of Union manifestations turn out to be unfounded. But really the most significant evidence of the spirit of the Old North State, and one which is in no danger of exaggeration, is to be found in the turn of events with reference to the next State Governor. The Secessionists have put forward as their candidate Kenneth Raynor, a rabid rebel of the South Carolina stripe. The conservative anti-secession and (*in posse*) Unionist party, on the contrary, have chosen Hon. William A. Graham, (Mr. Fillmore's Secretary of the Navy,) one of the most active members of the recalcitrant convention that have laely been kicking against the Richmond despotism. Graham has the support and sympathy and will probably have the votes of the great majority of the State. Now, though not ostensibly or avowedly, these parties *really* represent the Confederacy on the one hand and the Union on the other. The whole tenor of their public discussion and discourse has this scope and no other, and it requires no great skill in reading between the lines to see that this is really the marrow of the whole matter. Among the significant indications to this effect is the following from the Raleigh Standard, the Democratic organ of the State, which, in urging the election of Mr. Graham, says:

"Why such an anxiety on the part of the *per se* secession no-party stripe, to know who is to be the next Governor of North Carolina? We think their anxiety may be relieved in some degree by telling them who the people will have to rule over the destinies of North Carolina. First, they will not have a foreigner (meaning the editor of the Raleigh Journal.) Secondly, they will not have a Yankee (meaning the editor of the Raleigh Register), both Secesh. Thirdly, they will not have a Secessionist of the South Carolina school. And that there may not be any doubt who is meant under the third head, we will define the term by remarking that the people want no man to preside over the destinies of the State who made the election of Mr. Lincoln the occasion for breaking up the Government."

Highly Important from Corinth.

A special to the St. Louis Democrat, from Cairo, dated June 3d, says:

The steamer Meteor has just arrived from Pittsburg Landing.

General Pope had sent a messenger back that he had captured Van Dorn's and Price's forces, and that he had more prisoners than he knew what to do with. My informant saw Gen. Pope's dispatch.

The Republican's correspondent, says:

It was reported at Corinth, when the passengers left, that Gen. Pope, in his pursuit of Price, had been successful. Arrangements were being made to receive a large number of prisoners, and the report was that Pope had taken 6,000; that he came up with Price ten miles south of Corinth, and captured the rear guard of his men, after a short resistance.

A large rebel force was known to have reached and occupied Okolona.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREENMAN & TRUE'S NEW SHUTTLE

Sewing Machine!

WARRANTED THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Elias Howe, Jr., and S. H. Roper's Combined Patents.

Straight-Line Movements, Original Transverse Shuttle, and Periphery Clamp Feed-Wheel.

THESE SEWING MACHINES COMBINE THE most recent improvements, are nearly noiseless when in operation, run with the greatest ease and rapidity, and are better adapted for general purposes and family use than any other. They are not liable to get out of order, are exceedingly simple, and are made expressly for real practical utility; they do every variety of sewing, from the finest woven tissue to the heaviest woolen goods, both tailoring and fine leather work. Any person may learn to operate them in a very short time.

The great difficulty with all other old-style Machines is too much complication, requiring so much constant adjustment, and such an amount of mechanical skill and ingenuity to use them to advantage, as to render them of little comparative value.

But the Sewing Machines manufactured by Greenman & True are not liable to these objections, as any person, on even a moment's examination, will readily discover. They will do more and better work than any other Machine ever offered to the public, making the most beautiful lock-stitch, alike on both sides. Send for an off-hand specimen of sewing upon any material you wish, and you will then see how it is done.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

☞ Please address or call on

T. JOHNSTON,
MAIN STREET, TWO DOORS ABOVE THIRD,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
my30 At J. J. Hirschbuhl's Jewelry Store.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
MARKET STREET,
NORTH SIDE, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Always on hand a complete assortment of PIANOS at reasonable prices. ja23 dawtv

MILLINERY!

For Cash Only.

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT she is now opening a fresh stock of seasonable

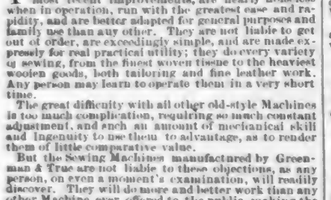
Paris Millinery!

Embracing all articles in this line, which she will sell at wholesale or retail, at very low rates for

CASH ONLY.

Orders promptly and faithfully filled.

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE,
m28 d&w3m 100 FOURTH ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.



I HAVE OVER EIGHT THOUSAND PLOWS AND a large stock of Points, Laudsides, &c., of assorted sizes for sale. Terms cash.

Office as heretofore, in southeast corner of my factory building, Main and Fifteenth streets, up stairs. Entrance on Main.

BENJ. F. AVERY.
al6 d3m4m

USEFUL AS WELL AS ORNAMENTAL

—AT—

WM. KENDRICK'S,

225 Third street, bet. Main and Market.

MY STOCK OF WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE Was never better than at present, and offered on as good terms as can be found in the city. All styles entirely new. Call and examine. de28 d&w

BOOTS AND SHOES.

R. M. INGALLS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT FOR THE SALE OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

IS NOW RECEIVING A LARGE SUPPLY OF these goods, adapted to the Spring trade, which are offered at manufacturers' prices. These goods are new and desirable, and the attention of the city and country merchants is invited, as many kinds are offered very low to close consignments.

R. M. INGALLS, 63 Main street, up-stairs,
Between Fourth and Fifth streets,
fe26 dtf Louisville, Ky.

F. FABEL. N. MILLER.

F. FABEL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

STAR AND PRESSED MOLD CANDLES!

ALSO, OXIDE, OLIVE, GERMAN, PALM, AND FAMILY SOAPS, LARD OIL, Etc., No. 145 east side Third street, between Main and Water, Louisville, Ky.

Having entirely new machinery, with the latest improvements, a long experience and practice will enable us to turn out as good articles, and sell them at as reasonable prices as any house in the West.

☞ Orders solicited and promptly filled at the shortest notice. mr31

MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. WM. OSBORNE,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that she is now opening a fresh stock of SEASONABLE MILLINERY GOODS, embracing all the articles in this line, which she will sell low for cash.

HAT and BONNET FRAMS of the latest importations wholesale and retail.

ALEECHING and DYEING carefully attended to at the old stand, No. 319 Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky. al7 dtf

C. L. S. MATTHEWS,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,
AND
PRODUCE DEALER,
No. 124 Fourth street, west side, between
oc31 Main and the River. dtf

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Frankfort, Ky.

WE HAVE LEASED THE CAPITAL HOTEL FOR a term of years. It is unnecessary to say more to our friends, and to those who have been in the habit of stopping at the Capital, than that it is our intention to try and keep such a Hotel as will give satisfaction to our guests.

A. G. HODGES.
JNO. N. CRITCHER.

P. S.—Mr. Critcher will have charge of the office, and general superintendence.

Frankfort, Ky., May 5, 1862. my15 d&wtf

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between Henry Hart and James A. Clark, as Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Liquors and Fancy Groceries, &c., at Louisville, Ky., under the name and style of HART & CLARK, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the stock and fixtures being taken by James A. Clark, who will continue the business, and Henry Hart is entitled to collect the debts and settle up the affairs of the late partnership.

HENRY HART,
JAMES A. CLARK.

Louisville, March 18th, 1862.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE THE business at the old stand, No. 219 Third street, under the style of JAMES A. CLARK & CO.

JAMES A. CLARK,
GEO. W. MORRIS.

Louisville, March 18th, 1862. a2 dtf

JOS. YOUCH. JOHN B. YOUCH.

JOSEPH YOUCH & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,
Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh, south side,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

ROOFING AND HOUSE-WORK WILL BE ATTENDED to with punctuality and dispatch. my4 d1m

KANAWHA SALT AGENCY,

T. L. JEFFERSON,
Southeast corner of Market and First streets,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A SUPPLY of Kanawha Salt at manufacturers' prices. a27

FOR RENT.

THE ORMSBY HOUSE, ON MAIN STREET, BEtween Fourth and Fifth, will be rented very low to a good tenant. The house has 27 rooms, and is the best location in the city for a first-class boarding house. Apply to O. GRAY, Executor,
Or P. W. Vodges, at Standiford & Vodges', Delaney buildings. my29 d2w

DRIED BEEF.—A SUPPLY ON HAND, FRESH and fine, for sale by

my31 HIBBITT & SON.

BACON.—20,000 POUNDS COUNTRY BACON, Hams, Shoulders, and clear sides, for sale by

je1 T. L. JEFFERSON.

TRANSPORTATION.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO RAILROAD,

For St. Louis, Chicago & Detroit.

1862. Summer Arrangement. 1862.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 4, 1862, PASsenger Trains will leave New Albany, opposite Louisville, as follows:

8:00 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS—(Daily except Sundays), making close connection at Mitchell with the O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Cairo, and the West, reaching St. Louis at 9:00 P. M.; connecting also at Green Castle Junction with the T. & R. Railroad, East and West; at Lafayette with the T. & W. Railroad, East and West, and at Michigan City for Chicago and Detroit.

8:00 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS—(Daily), reaching St. Louis at 8:00 A. M., and Cincinnati at 6:00 A. M. This Train runs to Mitchell only.

RETURNING—Leaves St. Louis at 7:00 A. M. and 5:00 P. M., making immediate connection at Mitchell with South-bound Trains, arriving at New Albany at 7:30 P. M. and 4:30 A. M.

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI OR CHICAGO!

☞ BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH. ☜

☞ This Road runs the only Trains from Louisville connecting with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, West.

☞ For Through Tickets and further information apply at the GENERAL RAILROAD OFFICE, southwest corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky.

☞ Trains are run by Louisville time.

A. B. CULVER, Sup't.

S. S. PARKER, Agent. my1

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

TRAINS WILL LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, opposite Louisville, at

3:00 AND 10:00 O'CLOCK P. M.

3:00 P. M.—LIGHTNING EXPRESS EAST—Daily (Sundays excepted) connecting at Seymour with Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Cincinnati, Columbus, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern Cities, and at Indianapolis with the Bellefountaine Line for Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all the principal cities in the East; also with Trains on the Terre Haute and Lafayette Railroads for St. Louis, Chicago, Rock Island, Quincy, Hannibal, St. Joseph, and all the other principal cities in the West and Northwest.

10:00 P. M.—NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily (Saturdays excepted), connecting at Seymour with Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Cincinnati and all Eastern cities; at Indianapolis with the Bellefontaine Line and Indiana Central Railroad for Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all points in the East; and with the Cincinnati and Chicago Air-Line, Terre Haute, and Richmond and Lafayette Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, St. Louis, and all points in the West and Northwest.

CLINTON JOHNSON, Agent.

A. S. CROTHERS, Sup't. my6

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1862, Passenger and Freight Trains will run through to Edgefield (opposite Nashville) without change of cars.

Passenger Trains will leave Louisville daily at 7:45 A. M., and arrive at Edgefield at 6:20 P. M. Returning will leave Edgefield at 7:00 A. M., arriving at Louisville at 5:30 P. M.

Memphis Branch Train will leave Bowlinggreen daily (Sundays excepted) at 2:15 P. M., on arrival of Train from Louisville. Returning will arrive at Bowlinggreen at 11:10 A. M., and connect with Train from Nashville for Louisville.

Freight Trains will leave daily (Sundays excepted) for Nashville and Memphis Branch at 3:00 A. M.

Train for Lebanon will leave daily (except Sunday) at 6:45 A. M.

All freights for main road, Lebanon and Memphis branches, must be in the Depot by 5:00 P. M.

Train for Bardstown will leave daily (except Sunday) at 4:00 P. M.

All freights for Bardstown Road and Main Road north of Bardstown Junction must be in Depot by 1:00 P. M.

a6 B. MARSHEL, Sup't.

LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON AND FRANKFORT

RAILROADS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1862, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stage for Newcastle; at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and Danville; at Midway for Versailles; at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington via rail and stage for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Louisville at 4:00 P. M., stopping at all stations when flagged as far as Frankfort; and returning, will leave Frankfort at 5:10 A. M., arriving at Louisville at 9:00 A.M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M., to 5:00 P. M.

☞ Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior, for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

fe5 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Sup't.

MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD!

TO BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, AND NEW York, via Mailboat to Cincinnati, Marietta and Cincinnati, and Baltimore and Ohio Railroads, and connections.

☞ Through receipts given for freight to Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, by the above line, at the lowest rates, by GEO. O. BOWEN, Agent,
No. 120 Wall street, up stairs,
my4 dtf over G. R. Patton's Store.

DRY GOODS

"304"

JUST RECEIVED

Lace Mantles and Points;
Lace Mits and Gauntlets;
French Printed Organdies;
Printed Jaconets;
Plain colored Organdies;
Cheap Lawns;
8-4 black and white Barege;
Emb'd Worsted Grenadines;
Beautiful Checked Mozambiques;
Plaid Eng. Bareges;
Plain and Embroidered Mozambiques;
Hosiery of all descriptions;
Alexander's Kid Gloves.

We also have a large stock of

Bleached and Brown Cottons;
Crash and Irish Linens;
Towels and Table Damasks;
Ladies' Gauze and Lisle Vests;
Gentlemen's Lisle and Gauze Undershirts, &c. &c.

MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH,
je1 304 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

FRED. SHAULIE,

MANUFACTURER OF

TRUNKS

Collars, Bridles, &c.

SALESROOM

407 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth,
Three doors below the National Hotel.

MANUFACTORY

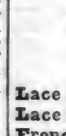
Jefferson st., bet. Preston and Jackson,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM HIS friends and the public that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above goods, and takes to order, at the shortest notice, anything in his line, as cheap or cheaper than any other house in the city.

FRED. SCHAULIE.
m128 d3m

FOR SALE.



A HANDSOME RESIDENCE IN THE town of Shelbyville, Ky. This desirable property is situated on an elevated lot which contains three or four acres of ground. The house is built of brick, in modern style, and has eight rooms, besides servants' apartments, &c. The yard is large, well set in blue grass, and carefully selected fruits, flowers and shrubbery. The grounds are set with every variety of apple (grafted), peach, plum, and cherry trees, obtained from the best nurseries in the country. There are one hundred peach trees, forty of which are now bearing. There is a fine large garden on the premises.

The location is elevated and healthy, in an excellent neighborhood, convenient to the Churches and Schools of the village, and sufficiently retired. Address

L. W. DUPUY,
my25 d1m* Shelbyville, Ky.

COAL—LUMBER.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

T. J. HYATT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

COAL,

WISHES TO INFORM HIS CUSTOMERS AND the public generally, that he has moved his office to the corner of Third and Jefferson, in the old Post-office Building, No. 113, where he keeps constantly on hand for sale the best quality of

Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal,

out of the celebrated Mines known as the Hyatt & Horner Mines, mined and shipped expressly for family use, of which he will furnish at low figures for cash in large or small lots to suit buyers. Also, the best blacksmithing Coal always on hand, put up in hogsheads ready for shipping by rail or river, at exceedingly low rates. Send in your orders. All orders sent to Hyatt's Coal Depot shall be promptly attended to.

—ALSO—

THE BEST NORTHERN LAKE ICE

Will be found at Hyatt's Depot, No. 113, for sale at all hours during the day in large or small quantities.

a20 d&n3m.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

N. W. HUGHES,

BEING SOLE AGENT FOR SEVERAL OF THE best PITTSBURG and YOUGHIOGHENY MINES and having devoted his exclusive attention during the past twenty years to the COAL BUSINESS, feels himself justified in offering to the public, Coal of the best quality, by the large or boat load, or by retail, at unusually low prices to suit the times, at his office, No. 100 Fourth street, between Main and Water, east side. He buys and sells exclusively FOR CASH, and guarantees his retail customers good weight, as his coal is all weighed by a sworn Coal Inspector.

an27 dtf N. W. HUGHES.

Coal! Coal!

I AM CONSTANTLY IN RECEIPT OF STRICTLY SCREENED Pittsburg and Youghiogeny COAL, mined expressly for this market, from the noted "Hyatt" mines, which I offer in lots to suit the buyer, at the lowest market price. Also, the Hartford City, which surpasses any Coal for cooking.

W. L. MURPHY, No. 48 Third st.,
a4 bet. Main and Market, east side.

COAL! COAL!

MESSRS. T. W. BRIGGS & CO. ADOPT THIS method of informing their customers and the public generally that they have on hand 100,000 bushels well screened strictly Pittsburg Coal, which they offer either wholesale or retail, to suit customers at prices to suit the times. Purchasers would do well to call at their offices, No. 135, MARKET STREET, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND, and 216 THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND MAIN, before purchasing elsewhere. mh26 dtf

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR,

(SUCCESSORS TO JOS. ROBB),

—DEALERS IN—

Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal,

AND

Sole Agents for the Pomeroy Coal.

ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest mark prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of the PEYTONA CANNEL and PEACOCK POMEROY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior.

☞ Offices—504 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand, and 202 southwest corner of Brook and Market streets. je28 dtf.

J. N. COLLINS,

Agent and Coal Merchant,

Third Street, between Market and Jefferson, west side,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

PERSONS DESIRING COAL CAN BE SUPPLIED at short notice by calling at the above place, and with the best article in the market, at the lowest cash price. Please give him your orders. ja18 dtf

Coal. Coal.

Pittsburg,
Peach Orchard,
Hartford City,

Coal. Coal.

OF THE BEST QUALITY AND AT THE LOWEST prices, for sale by

CRITTENDEN & GANTT,
my West side Third, near Main.

WAR! WAR! WAR!

On the Cold Weather, and no Retreat.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR sale, the best Pittsburg and Pomeroy Coal, at the lowest Market price. Give us your orders.

CHICKERING & BROTHER.

OFFICE—Corner Market and Preston sts. de25 dly

FOR SALE!

BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also, BEACH BOTTOM COAL, much lower rates, by

J. N. KELLOG, Agent,
ap7 dtf near the corner of Third and Main.

W. B. BELKNAP & CO.,

IRON MERCHANTS,

236 Cor. Main and Third Sts.,

HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE THE FOLlowing:

Iron and Steel,

1,000 tons assorted, superior quality, warranted.

Nails and Spikes.

5,000 kegs, comprising the common Nails, from 2d to 60d—Fencing, Tobacco, Barrel, Lathing and Wrought. Also, Cut and Wrought Spikes.

Horse & Mule Shoes.

1,000 kegs Burden's Improved Government pattern Horse Shoes.
500 kegs Mule Shoes.

Horse & Mule Nails.

6,000 pounds Hammered, best makes.

Fairbanks' Scales.

We are the agents for the sale of this market, of these superior Scales and Scale Beams; warranted correct.

Safes,

Suitable for Paymasters and others.

Cordage & Oakum.

We have a large stock of Manilla on hand.

Hollow-ware Castings, Sugar Kettles, &c.

We have a general assortment.

Blacksmiths' Tools.

Anvils, Bellows, Hammers, &c.

Plowmakers' Materials.

Wings, Moldboards, Handles, &c.

Springs and Axles.

Best makes, warranted.

Bolts, Rivets and Washers,

All of which we are offering at very low prices.
m11 dtf

GERMAN INSURANCE COMPANY,

East side Third st., bet. Main & Market.

SIGHT DRAFTS

—ON—

FOREIGN PARTS

WE HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO DRAW at low figures on ENGLAND, IRELAND, and on the principal cities of GERMANY, FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, BELGIUM, AND HOLLAND; also, on

SOUTH AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA.

oc16 dtf

WALL PAPER AT COST!

WE HAVE NOW ONE OF THE LARGEST AND best stocks of WALL PAPER in the city, which we are determined to sell at such prices as will

DEFY COMPETITION!

We have NO DAMAGED GOODS, but will give a perfect article, NEW AND FRESH, at as low a price as the damaged Paper (with which the city is flooded) can be bought. Purchasers will call and examine before buying.

WM. P. WOOD,
Third street, near Main.
ap10

Carpets;
Floor Oilcloths;
India and Cocoa Matting;
Curtain Materials;
Rugs, Mats, &c.

A new supply just received at

GEO. W. SMALL'S

Carpet & House-Furnishing Rooms

No. 327 MAIN STREET,

South side, three doors west of Bank of Louisville.

☞ Terms CASH—positively no credit. my6

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

200 GROSS TABLE CUTLERY;
1,000 dozen Pocket do;
New and fresh goods, just received and for sale at a small advance on importation cost.

my29 d12 A. B. SEMPLE & SONS.

COAL OIL---HOME MADE.

Louisville Coal and Carbon Oil Works.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF SUPERIOR Burning Oil, at low rates; Lubricating, Petroleum and Benzole, very cheap.

WM. SKENE & CO.,
my29 dn&w Bullitt street.

COAL OIL LAMPS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. DEALERS SUPPLIED at very low rates.

WM. SKENE & CO.,
my29 dn&w Bullitt street.

WE HAVE ONE HUNDRED BARRELS UNINspected Burning Oil of our own make that will stand more heat than any inspected Oil in the city, for sale at low rates.

WM. SKENE & CO.,
my29 dn&w Bullitt street.

RESTAURANTS.

Potomac Shad! Clams!

Fresh Potomac Shad,
Clams,
Oysters in the Shell,
Jack Snipe,
Bluewing Ducks,

And all other delecacies of the season, received daily by Express, and served up in the most approved style, at the

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT,

C. C. REUFER & CO., Pr's.

N. B. Families, Hotels, and Parties can be supplied with the above luxuries at the shortest notice.

JOHN W. HARRIES'

Dayton Ale and Porter,

Which is known to be the best in the country, on hand in barrels, half barrels, quarter barrels, bottles, and draught, for sale by

C. C. REUFER & CO.,
mh24 Sole Agents.

WALKER'S EXCHANGE,

Third street, between Main and Market.

J. CAWEIN & CO.,

Proprietors.

Sole Agents for this city of

D. HARRIES' CELEBRATED ALE.

☞ Dealers will find this far superior to any other Ale in the market. my23

EATING HOUSE!

NO. 503,

Jefferson Street, Opposite Courthouse,

WHERE CAN BE FOUND OYSTERS AT 25 cents per dozen, Stewed, Fried, or Broiled; also, all other delecacies of the season.

I have also fitted up Refreshment Rooms expressly for Ladies.

mh11 d3m B. R. WARNER, Proprietor.

J. G. MATHERS

IN HIS NEW STORE,

Adjoining Bank of Louisville,

MAIN STREET,

South side, bet. Third and Fourth.

DEALER AND IMPORTER IN

Trimming Goods,

CURTAIN MATERIALS,

Carpeting, Oil-Cloths,

AND GENERAL

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

AS FOR QUANTITY, QUALITY, BEAUTY AND CHEAPNESS, THIS HOUSE HAS NO EQUAL.

☞ I will be pleased to see all of my old customers, and as many new ones as possible.

☞ I have procured the services of E. A. RANDALL, late of the New York Store, as Salesman. fe1 dtf

GREAT WESTERN

STEAM BAKERY,

Fifth street, bet. Main and River,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

PILOT BREAD, LOAF BREAD,

Butter, Sugar, Boston, Soda, and

Picnic Crackers, English Cracknell, &c., &c.,

In quantities to suit, at the lowest prices.

ALSO—Keep constantly on hand, a superior article of

Bolted Meal, Hominy, Grits, Quick Yeast, &c.,

EXPRESSLY FOR FAMILY USE.

☞ Orders from Steamboats promptly attended to at all hours of the day and night.

my30 d1m&m F. A. MOORE.

NEW MUSIC, BY EXPRESS.

JUST RECEIVED.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED PER EXPRESS A splendid lot of new Music, among which will be found the following:

VOCAL.

Drowsy Polka, by E. Boyer, price	25c
Happy Be Thy Dreams, Thomas	40c
I'll Follow Thee, Farmer	35c
Do They Think of me at Home, Glover	25c
Little Minnie, Danks	25c
May Leon, McNaughton	25c
Sweetheart, Balfe	25c
Laura May, Cox, of Hooley's Minstrels	25c
When The Stars are Beaming Brightly, Cox	25c
Evangeline (fifth supply), Hays	35c
Chorus of Angels (Quartette), Costa	25c
Beautiful Star (Duett), Glover	30c
Angels are Watching Us (Duett), Glover	30c
Bird of the Wilderness (Duett), Trekell	50c
Oh, Swallow! Happy Swallow, (Duett), Kucken	35c

INSTRUMENTAL.

Jewish Wedding (Valse de Salon), B. Richards	30c
Love in May, Oesten	50c
Yelva, Ascher	50c
La Bayadere, Lysberg	60c
Warblings at Morn, B. Richards	35c
Espiegleries, Egghard	50c
Etude Galop, Quidant	50c
Union War Galop, Dressler	40c
Oberon's Zanberhorn (Fantasie), Oester	60c

Call soon at 310 Jefferson street,

my31 WM. McCARRELL.

J. H. MONTGOMERY,

Merchant Tailor,

IS DAILY RECEIVING A HANDSOME STOCK of Goods suitable for the season, such as Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings in all shades and grades, which I intend to make up for a reasonable consideration to suit the times. Those who study their own interests will give me a call and have their persons beautified with a handsome suit. My manner of cutting and making is both an improvement to the appearance of man and texture of cloth.

It has been the fruits of much labor and toil,
I pledge much advantage when others might spoil.
Thanks to my friends for the liberal patronage they so freely favor me with. Do not stay away, but go to

J. H. MONTGOMERY'S,
my23 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth.

NEW BREECH-LOADING RIFLE.

Length of barrel, 24 inches; weight, 5¾ pounds; calibre, 44-100 inch; 28 elongated balls, same as Colt's Army Pistol; and at ¾ mile the penetration is double that ostebrated arm. It shoots with the accuracy of a target rifle. Can not possibly miss fire. Metal cartridges, costing half the price of Colt's; entirely waterproof, and indestructible by rough carriage. Can be used all day without cleaning. Is the only gun that does not leak fire at the breech. Simple and durable as the best muzzle-loading gun. Made exclusively for and sold only by

B. KITTREDGE & CO.,
134 Main Street, Cincinnati,

Dealers in Guns, Sporting Apparatus, and Military Goods.

☞ Arrangements have been made for the sale of the above rifles, with JAMES DAY, No. 132 Market street, north side, between First and Brook mh9 d&w3m

GUNS! GUNS! GUNS!

250 COMMON, MEDIUM, AND FINE DOUBLE SHOT GUNS, a new importation, just received and for sale at low figures for CASH. Also
100 dozen Powder and Pistol Flasks;
100 do Gun Locks, assorted;
A large assortment of Gun Materials;
French D. E., Eley's, Cox's, and Colt's Caps.

my29 d12 A. B. SEMPLE & SONS.

U. S. HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE.

Most Central House.)

HALL & HARRIS.

fe14 d&wly

M. Muldoon. John Walton. Charles Bullett, Sculptor.

M. MULDOON & CO.,

LOUISVILLE MARBLE WORKS,

Green st., bet. Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

MONUMENTS, TOMB AND HEADSTONES, MARble Mantles, and every description of Marble work, finished at Eastern prices, and full satisfaction given. oc7 dly

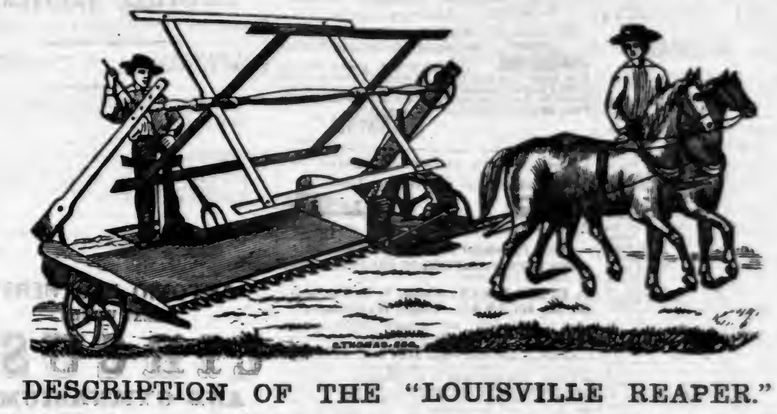
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

I DESIRE TO SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property, my place on the Newburg Turnpike road, about three miles from the city. My place contains about 11 acres, and is in the highest state of improvement, being well set in fine fruit trees and ornamental shrubbery. The house has 8 rooms, and is in every respect commodious and neat. There are on the place every variety of agricultural and horticultural implements. The kitchen and outhouses are numerous and commodious, being everything that taste and comfort could possibly require.

For further particulars apply to C. K. Fairfax, on Court Place, near Sixth street, Louisville, Ky.

my29 dtf SAMUEL STEADMAN.

"LOUISVILLE REAPER."



DESCRIPTION OF THE "LOUISVILLE REAPER."

THIS MACHINE WEIGHS 800 POUNDS, CUTS 6½ FEET WIDE, AND FROM 4 TO 24 INCHES HIGH. IT IS OF LIGHT DRAFT, AND WITHOUT APPARENT side-draft. It will cut, under favorable circumstances, from 15 to 25 acres per day. There is no driver's seat on the Machine; this lessens the weight, and leaves all the gearing and boxes convenient for oiling or adjusting. The driver rides the horse on the opposite side from the cutters, and is in no danger of being run over, should he accidentally fall. The gearing is all secured in an iron frame; the bearings are long and secure from dirt. With care this part of the Machine will last for many years. The high-cut of the "Louisville Reaper" saves the handling of a large portion of the heaviest part of the straw, and the forker lays off the grain in perfect bundles, about easily as upon the ordinary low-cut Machines, which are not capable of doing over one-half the amount of work per day. The change from lowest to highest cut can be made by two persons in one minute. Farmers who usually have hat to spend a half hour in making this change will appreciate this improvement. A lever extends from the tongue to the frame to give the platform the proper inclination. The Machine is perfectly balanced. There is no weight upon the horses necks, except the tongue and neck yoke.

PRICE.....$90 CASH.

"LOUISVILLE MOWER."

HARVEST OF 1862.

DESCRIPTION OF THE "LOUISVILLE MOWER."

THIS MACHINE IS MADE ALMOST ENTIRELY OF IRON; IT IS EXCEEDINGLY COMPACT AND SIMPLE, AND STRONG BEYOND ANY POSSIBILITY OF breaking. It cuts a swath 4 feet 4 inches wide, and cuts even and smooth in all kinds of grass. It has a lever for raising the finger-bar from the ground for passing obstructions, or for moving from field to field. It is arranged to throw itself out of gear when backing, and is convenient to handle in every respect. It weighs about 650 pounds, which is heavier than several of the newly invented Machines, but none too heavy, we think, to stand the rough and careless usage to which all Mowers are subject. The tongue is loose, and there is no weight on the horses' neck.

PRICE.....$80 CASH.

Office of Kentucky Agricultural Works, Market Street, between Preston and Jackson.

We commenced the manufacture of Harvesters last season, with the belief that we could furnish Machines better suited to the wants of our Farmers than any already introduced. Our plan is to make separate, not combined, Machines; when made for the special purpose, they can be simple, cheap, and durable, while combined they are necessarily complex and costly, and generally, after one season's use, out of order. We made but few Machines for last harvest, but those, so far as heard from performed well, as the certificates which we offer in our descriptive circular, from those who have had experience with Harvesters, will show. Circulars mailed free upon application.

my6 d&wlm A. H. PATCH & CO.,

MARK & DOWNS,

Cor. Fourth & Jefferson,

HAVE NOW RECEIVED AND ARE DAILY opening their Spring supply of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING

Ladies' Dress Goods in variety,
Household Linens and Cottons,
Embroideries, Laces, & Hosiery,
Mourning Goods in variety,
White Goods, all kinds,
Mantles and Shawls,
Domestics and Plantation Goods.

Our stock will be renewed from day to day, and we offer to our friends and customers inducements in the

BEST QUALITIES

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

That cannot be obtained elsewhere.

MARK & DOWNS,
my11 dtf Nos. 3 and 4 Masonic Temple Building.

MAD. D. RUHL,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF

MILITARY GOODS.

Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Fringes, &c.;

Swords, Belts, Sashes, Epauletts, Metal and Embroidered Shoulder Straps, Sword Knots, Buttons of every Description.

SOCIETIES' REGALIA MADE TO ORDER.

Orders Promptly Filled.

NO. 327 FOURTH STEET, NEXT DOOR MOZART Hall, Louisville, Ky. al7 dly

MORRIS & HOGG,

405 Main street, 3d house below Fourth;

FINE WELL-MADE

CLOTHING!

SHOULDER-SEAM SHIRTS,

All sizes, in stock and made to order;

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S

Furnishing Goods, Combs, and Brushes, Soaps, &c.

GAY'S CHINA PALACE,

Corner Fourth and Green Streets.

NEW ERA IN THE

CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE

BUSINESS.

I HAVE JUST OPENED, UNDER THE MASONIC Temple, with a very large and entirely new stock of very rich China, Glass, and Queensware, rich Bohemian Glassware, Table Cutlery, Silver-plated Ware, Waiters, Britannia Ware, Looking-glasses, Wooden and Willow Ware. Also, a large and complete stock of Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers, Brackets, Portables, Pillar Lights, etc. I am prepared to run gas and steam pipe, and to regild and bronze Lamps and Chandeliers at a small expense, and warrant them as good as new.

I am determined to keep such a stock and to offer such inducements as will secure a liberal share of public patronage.

dtf GEORGE GAY.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS AGENCY.

C. H. BARKLEY, Ten years' Experience.
ROBT. S. EVANS, Attorney at Law.

BARKLEY & EVANS,

Pension, Bounty and Arrears of Pay Claims Agents,

No. 429 south side of Jefferson st., 2d door above Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

GOVERNMENT CLAIMS OF ALL KINDS ATtended to for Soldiers, Widows and Heirs, for all Wars, from 1776 to 1862. a27 d3m

D. H. COWAN'S

Bourbon, Excelsior and Opal Whisky

DEPOT.

NO. 724 MAIN ST., BETWEEN SEVENTH AND EIGHTH.

my9 d1m

PATENT METALLIC

Burial Cases and Caskets,

MANUFACTURED BY

CRANE, BREED & CO.,

MAY BE OBTAINED OF THE PRINCIPAL UNdertakers in the cities, and nearly all the important towns of the West. Under their present improvements these Burial Cases are entirely free from those revolting suggestions which have heretofore been connected with their name.

The Metallic Burial Casket,

Is entirely devoid of those unpleasant associations which usually accompany the form of a coffin. Heavy polished Plate Glass extends nearly its whole length.

These Burial Cases and Caskets are beautifully finished in imitation of the finest rosewood. Their invaluable qualities for ORDINARY INTERMENT, for TRANSPORTATION and PRESERVATION, are now universally acknowledged. They PROTECT the remains of the departed from WATER, VERMIN and OTHER INTRUSION. FUTURE REMOVAL, should it ever be desired, may be accomplished without inconvenience. A DELAY OF DAYS OR WEEKS, awaiting the arrival of absent friends, is entirely practicable. When due attention is given to sealing, which, with care, can be accomplished by any one (printed instructions accompanying each Case and Casket), bodies may be carried to ANY PART OF THE GLOBE, AT ANY SEASON OF THE YEAR, with perfect safety. They are, moreover, a sure SAFEGU